HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates.—A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.☜

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 38. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3522.

Professional Cards, &c.

DR. R. B. ELDERDICE,
Announces to his friends, and the public, that he has returned to NEW SALEM, and resumed practice. Office at the Hotel.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa. } July 17.—1m*

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG,
Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa. } July 24, 1868.-tf

DR. D. M. ECKENRODE, having located at HEIDLERSBURG, offers his services to the public, and hopes by strict attention to his professional duties to merit a reasonable share of public patronage. [April 29.—6m

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. [May 29, 1867

DR. C. W. BENSON
HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. He can be found for the present, at the Daguerrean rooms of Levi Mumper on Baltimore street, opposite Fahnestocks' store, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [April 8, 1868.—6m

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

JOS. H. LEFEVER, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*,
LITTLESTOWN, PA.,
Will promptly attend to Collections, Conveyances, Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly occupied by Drs. Shorb, Kinser and Mehring.
May 20, 1868.—1y*

D. M'CONAGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH.
Attorneys and Counsellors.
D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHNM. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.-tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond, next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction—Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's license, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the
WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa.
J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

Carpenters and Contractors.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by Andrew Schick, York street. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.
We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867.-tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,
Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c.
They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,
DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,
And any other Article in the Building Line.
Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.
☞Orders promptly attended to.
WM. C. STALLSMITH,
C. H. STALLSMITH.
Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.
THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the
CARPENTERING BUSINESS
at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

Hand Book of Politics for 1868.
READY IN JULY.
SPECIALLY adapted for use in the coming Presidential campaign. Will contain all the matter in the Political Manuals of 1856, 1857, and 1868. Compiled from official sources. Will give the whole POLITICAL ACTION OF THE GOVERNMENT, and of Parties, including Impeachment, Reconstruction, General Politics, Platforms, Acceptance of Candidates, &c., from April, 1865, to July, 1868. Tables on Debt and Taxation. Revenue and Expenditures, Banks, Southern Register and Votes. Election Tables from 1860 to date. 400 pages, 8vo, cloth, $2.50, post paid.
The Political Manual for 1868, separately, cloth, $1; paper cover, 75 cents, post paid. Subscriptions will be received at the Book-store of A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa. [July 17.-f

Hotels and Restaurants.

Cashtown Springs.
EIGHT MILES FROM GETTYSBURG.
E. P. KITTINGER, Proprietor.
THE undersigned, having thoroughly re-fitted the NATIONAL HOTEL, in Cashtown, with the Springs attached thereto, invites the attention of the public to his superior accommodations. Persons desiring to spend a few weeks or months in a healthy neighborhood, with the advantages of pure mountain air, daily baths, trout fishing, &c. can find no more attractive place. Visitors to Gettysburg and the Battle-field can reach it in a couple hours ride over a good road.
The Stabling accommodations are among the best in the county. A good table and the best of Wines and Liquors. Charges reasonable.
E. P. KITTINGER.
June 17, 1868.—3m

KEYSTONE HOTEL.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.
THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location a pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage.
[May 29, 1867.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
OPPOSITE THE
N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,
BEACH STREET, BOSTON.
BY F. M. PRATT,
FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.
Ma 9, 1867.-1y

EAGLE HOTEL.
The largest and most commodious in
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.
CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS
JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.
☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

CARLISLE, PA.
VISITORS to Carlisle will find the very best accommodations at the
Pennsylvania Hotel,
Kept by JOHN REILLY, on the corner of North Hanover and Louther Streets.
The TABLE is supplied with everything the market affords; the BAR is stocked with the finest Wines, Liquors &c., and the Yards and
STABLING
connected with the house are in charge of an experienced and faithful hostler.
☞Give the old PENNSYLVANIA a trial and be convinced. Charges always reasonable.
March 18, 1868.—6m

Forwarding Houses.

CHANGE OF FIRM.
THE undersigned having leased the Ware-house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa., will carry on the
Grain & Produce Business
in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.
GROCERIES
OF ALL KINDS
constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c. Also, COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. Fish of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.
They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.
Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.
We will also run a
LINE of FREIGHT CARS
to No. 77 North street, BALTIMORE, and 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either of the above places will be received and forwarded promptly. Goods should be marked "Benners' Car."
H. S. BENNER & BRO.
April, 8, 1868.—tf

DANIEL GULDEN,
DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Flour, Grain,
Groceries, Lumber, Coal, &c.
THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Warehouse, known as "*Guldent Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of
GROCERIES,
including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,
LUMBER AND COAL,
including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.
He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call.
Aug. 21, 1867.-tf DANIEL GULDEN.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.
THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for
FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,
and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,
A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,
Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have
SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,
Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.
Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits.—They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.
ROBERT McCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.
July 3, 1867.—tf

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.
HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., of CULP & EARNSHAW, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of BIGHAM & Co., at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.
☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 156 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.
WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER CORBAN,
JAMES BIGHAM.
Jan. 5, 1868.

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

DR. R. HORNER,
PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,
Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET
GETTYSBURG.
Medical advice without charge.
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.
PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.
Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.
All articles warranted pure and genuine.
Jan 8, 1868.-tf

A. D. BUEHLER,
DRUG & BOOK STORE,
CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
Near the Diamond.
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.
☞COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.
Feb. 12.—tf

DR. JAMES CRESS,
DRUGGIST,
Store in Brant's Building, Balto. st.,
LITTLESTOWN.
HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of
Drugs and Family Medicines, Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,
Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.
☞Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard or soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or bleeing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.
Littlestown, May 13.—1y JAMES CRESS.

HUBER'S
DRUG STORE.
Forney's old Stand—Baltimore Street,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
HAVING purchased this old and popular Stand, and laid in a large and new and fresh Stock, offer a full assortment, consisting in part of
DRUGS AND FAMILY MEDICINES.
PATENT MEDICINES—A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
PURE LIQUORS & WINES FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
DYES & DYE-STUFFS—HOW & STEVENS' DYES.
EXCELSIOR DYES, AND THE ANILINE DYES—THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.
ALL THE NEW AND ELEGANT PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.
COLGATE'S, AND OTHER SUPERIOR SOAPS.
FORNEY'S HORSE POWDERS—THE BEST AND CHEAPEST; ALSO, FOUTZ'S, ELLS, DALE'S PERSIAN, STONEBRAKER'S AND ROBERTS'.
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS.
CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF—THE BEST BRANDS.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECIPTS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.
Medicines furnished at ALL HOURS OF THE NIGHT.—*Night Bell at the door.*
April 1, 1868.—tf

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—R. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Richelberger, S. R. Russell, R. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; John Wolford, Latimore; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; James H. Marshall, Hamiltonban; John Cunningham, Freedom; John Horner, Mountjoy Wm. Ross White, Liberty.
☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, the present, and issued by fire during that period amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to either of the following gentlemen:
D. A. Buehler, Gettysburg.
R. G. Fahnestock, "
Jacob King, Straban township.
H. A. Picking, "
Frederick Diehl, Franklin "
Wm. Ross White, Liberty "
H. C. Peters, Petersburg (Y. S.)
The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M. [June 10, 1868.—tf

THE PENN MUTUAL
LIFE, INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA,
921 CHESTNUT STREET,
ACCUMULATED CAPITAL
$2,000,000,
CHARTER PERPETUAL.
All the Surplus divided amongst the Policy Holders every year.
THE ONLY TRULY MUTUAL COMPANY IN THE CITY OR STATE.
LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.
☞All information will be cheerfully given.
HENRY J. FAHNESTOCK,
Agent at Gettysburg, Pa.
July 1, 1868.—3m

Cabinet Making.

FURNITURE.
D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to order to the Public, anything in his line as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.
FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with dispatch. [Jan. 26, 1868.—6

Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.
Hoofland's German Bitters
Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.
Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.
Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable. The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing so closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:
Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.
The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigation and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.
These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.
DEBILITY,
Resulting from any Cause whatever;
PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM,
induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.
There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.
PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,
And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.
NOTICE.
It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.
To these class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.
WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN
Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without failure. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. These, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.
TESTIMONIALS.
HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:
Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.
"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,
GEO. W. WOODWARD."
HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, Ap. 28, 1866.
"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.
Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON."
FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,
Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.
Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and in my family of the efficacy of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.
Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.
FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,
Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.
I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,
E. D. FENDALL.
CAUTION.
Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.
Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.
CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor.
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.
PRICES.
Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1 00
" " half doses, 50
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1 00 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.
☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.-1y
For sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicines.

Coal, Lumber, Time, &c.

GETTYSBURG
LIME KILNS.
THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, WM. GUISE, and now continues the
LIME-BURNING BUSINESS
himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.
He also continues the
COAL BUSINESS,
offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.
Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.-tf JACOB REILEY.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrators', and Executors', Books, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Attorneys' Notes, with and without Powers of Sale, Justices' Blanks, Deeds, Bills of Sale, Indentures, Articles of Agreement, Subpœnas and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office.

The Star and Sentinel.

THE BOYS IN BLUE.

They are coming, Mr. Seymour, a host of boys in blue,
Fresh from a hundred fields of war, the battle-scarred and true;
Not now with gleaming bayonets, and roll of martial drum,
But armed with ballots for the right, in peaceful ranks they come,
To shield the starry flag they love from traitors' hands anew.
They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the loyal boys in blue.

They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the loyal boys in blue;
From Maine and from New Hampshire, and the Bay State ever true;
From the Green Mountains of Vermont, and Little Rhody's shore,
From the homesteads of Connecticut the hardy veterans pour;
As late when flashing o'er the land, the news of Sumter flew,
They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the loyal boys in blue.

They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the loyal boys in blue,
From New Jersey and from Delaware, and Maryland ever true;
And from the grand old Keystone State, man answering for man,
With pledges for the Star Brigade, the ballot in the hand;
To yield the soldiers' meed of praise to worth and valor due,
They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the loyal boys in blue.

They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the earnest boys in blue,
From shop, and mill, and forge, and field, the steadfast and the true,
The heroes of the Empire State, despite her recreant son,
Who turns to shame and mockery the good that has been done;
To spurn with wrath the devil's faults, the faithless devils, too,
They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the earnest boys in blue.

They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the veterans of the West,
From their grand prairies and their lakes, the truest and the best,
From the broad rivers, whose strong waves bear joyous to the sea
The treasures of the continent, and the tribute of the free;
To speak once more, in thunder tones, a people's high behest,
They are coming, Mr. Seymour, the veterans of the West.

They are coming, Mr. Seymour, a host of boys in blue,
Fresh from a hundred fields of war, the battle-worn and true;
Not now with gleaming bayonets, and roll of martial drum,
But armed with ballots for the right, in peaceful ranks they come,
To guard the starry flag they love from traitors' hands anew,
They are coming, Mr. Seymour, a host of boys in blue.

Important Correspondence.

EXPENSES OF THE GOVERNMENT.
LETTER TO COMMISSIONER WELLS.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2, 1868.

HON. DAVID A. WELLS, *Special Commissioner of the Revenue:*

SIR:—I shall esteem it a favor if you will furnish me at your earliest convenience, with such official information, bearing upon the following questions, as may be in your possession:

First: What have been the National receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868?

Second: To what extent has taxation been abated or repealed since the termination of the war, or since July 1, 1865?

Third: What have been the expenditures, in aggregate and detail, of the War Department since the surrender of Lee, in April, 1865?

Fourth: What have been the expenditures of the Navy Department since the surrender of Lee, in April, 1865?

Fifth: What have been the expenditures, aggregate and annual, of the "Freedmen's Bureau," and for "Reconstruction," up to July 1, 1868?

I am yours, most respectfully,
WM. B. ALLISON.

MR. WELLS'S REPLY.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE SPECIAL COMMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE, WASHINGTON, July 15, 1868.

HON. WILLIAM B. ALLISON, M. C.:

SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of July 9, and in reference to the same I submit the following statements, premising, however, that only substantial accuracy can be claimed for the account of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868; inasmuch as sufficient time has not yet elapsed to allow of a perfect and exact settlement on the books of the Treasury Department of all the accounts of the last quarter of the fiscal year.

FIRST—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

RECEIPTS.—The national receipts of revenue from all sources, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were substantially as follows:

Customs (gold)	$163,500,000
Internal Revenue (currency)	193,000,000
Miscellaneous (currency)	47,000,000
Public Lands and direct tax (currency)	2,800,000
Total	$406,300,000

EXPENDITURES.

The expenditure of the Government on account of interest on the public debt for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, was $141,635,551 13.

The aggregate expenditures of the several departments of the Government for the same period were $229,914,674 56, making a total expenditure for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, of $371,550,225, and *leaving an estimated surplus of receipts over expenditures of* $34,749,777.

An analysis of these expenditures affords the following results:

Interest.—The present condition of the funded and interest-bearing debt of the United States, exclusive of the bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Companies (the interest on which is a charge upon the roads), necessitates a present annual expenditure on account of interest of about $136,000,000.

The excess of expenditure on account of interest over this amount during the last fiscal year was due mainly to payments on account of accumulated interest on the "compound-interest notes," and will not again appear in the future disbursements of the Treasury on account of interest.

NATIONAL EXPENDITURES OTHER THAN FOR INTEREST.

CIVIL LIST—Embracing the expenditures of the *Executive, Legislative, and Judiciary, Foreign Intercourse, Territories, Collection of the Revenue, District of Columbia, Public Lands, Mints and Assay Offices, Coast Survey, Light-Houses, Post-Office Deficiency, &c.*

The expenditures under this head, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $53,009,846 95.

The estimate for the present fiscal year, as deduced from the appropriation bills, and including permanent appropriations is about $36,000,000.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.—The expenditures under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $27,882,676 27; which were apportioned substantially as follows:

For Pensions	$20,282,676
For Indians	4,600,000

NAVY DEPARTMENT.—The expenditure under this head for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $25,775,502 72.

The appropriations for the service of the Navy Department for the present fiscal year are $17,300,000.

The following table shows the expenditure of the Navy Department since, and including the fiscal year, 1862:

1862	$42,674,569
1863	99,211,103
1864	85,732,292
1865	122,567,776
1866	43,324,118
1867	31,034,004
1868	25,775,502
1869, appropriated	17,300,000

WAR DEPARTMENT.—The total disbursements made under the direction of, or through the War Department, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, were $123,216,648 62. Of this amount there were paid

For Bounties	$38,000,000
For Reimbursing State War Claims	10,330,188
For Engineer Bureau (mainly river and harbor improvements)	6,132,620
For Payments for property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States, Act of March 2, 1849, and supplements thereto, estimated	5,111,300
For Subsistence of Indians, estimated	1,000,000
For Freedmen's Bureau	3,215,000
For Expenses, Reconstruction	1,799,270
For National Cemeteries	792,860
For Commutation of Rations of Prisoners of War	152,000
Total	$66,533,238

This amount, deduced from the aggregate expenditures above given, indicate the regular and legitimate army expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, to have been $56,713,410, of which no inconsiderable part is justly chargeable to the expenses attendant upon the existence of Indian hostilities upon the plains in the Summer and Fall of 1867, which largely and exceptionably augmented the cost of transportation and subsistence.

The military appropriations for the current fiscal year are $33,081,013.

CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENDITURES.

If we divide the total expenditure of the last fiscal year into "*ordinary expenses,*" or those which are required to support and maintain the Government, and "EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES," or those which have been the unavoidable results of the war, we have following classification:

ORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

Fiscal Year, 1867-'68.	Actual.	1868-'69. Estimated or Appropriated
Civil List (Legislative, Executive)	$53,009,846 95	$36,000,000
Interior (Indian)	4,600,000 00	2,500,000
Navy Department	25,775,502 72	17,300,000
War Department	56,713,410 00	33,081,013
Engineer Bureau (Rivers and Harb.)	6,132,620 00	1,500,000
Total	$146,231,379 67	$90,381,013

EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

Fiscal Year, 1867-'68	Actual.	1868-'69. Estimated or Appropriated
Interest Public Debt	$141,635,551	$126,000,000
Pensions	23,282,674	25,000,000
Bounties	38,000,000	40,000,000
Freedmen's Bureau	3,215,000	500,000
Reconstruction and Relief	1,799,270	
Reimbursing States	10,330,188	
Payment for property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States	$5,111,300	$6,000,000
Subsistence of Indians	1,000,000	1,000,000
National Cemeteries	792,860	
Commutation of Prisoners' rations	152,000	
Total	$225,518,843	$198,500,000

SECOND REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The amount of taxes abated or repealed since the close of the war has been estimated as follows:

By act of July 13, 1866	$50,000,000
By act of March 2, 1867	40,000,000
By act of Feb. 3, 1868 (exemption of raw cotton)	23,762,000
By act of March 31	43,500,000
Total	$157,262,000

By the system of Internal Revenue which prevailed at the close of the war, taxation may be said to have been all but universal: land, agricultural produce, unmanufactured lumber, breadstuffs and a few other forms of property or products only being excepted. An aggregate of *ten thousand* distinct articles or products made available as sources of internal revenue in July, 1865, would probably be an *under* rather than an *over* estimate. At the present time of all manufactured articles or products of industry, the following only are subject to specific or dire

The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, August 14, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 12,000 persons.

☞ Advertisements, to secure immediate attention must be handed in on or before Thursday morning.

OUR CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT:

GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT.

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

OF INDIANA.

STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL

GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL

GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL.—TERMS:

$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

☞ Any of our present subscribers will receive a credit of 10 cents on their accounts for each new name they may send in with the amount of subscription ($2.00) in advance—in other words, a PREMIUM of 50 cents for each new subscriber thus sent to us.

FOR CAMPAIGN UNTIL NOVEMBER 15.

SINGLE COPY.....$0.50

FIVE COPIES.....2.00

☞ The campaign terms will not more than pay the cost of paper and ink; but we desire to put the paper within the reach of every person desiring it during the present important campaign.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Adams county, and all who favor the election of GRANT and COLFAX—all who desire to unite in sustaining Congress in its patriotic efforts to reconstruct the Union on a loyal basis, and in opposing the dangerous and revolutionary policy announced by the New York Convention and its candidates—who prefer "Peace" to "Revolution," and are opposed to handing over the control of the Government to those who sought its destruction and involved the country in a bloody and wasteful War—are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate elections, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1868, to select two Delegates from each District to represent them in County Convention, to be held in *Agricultural Hall*, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, August 17, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported at the October Election, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

☞ The time for holding the Delegate Elections in all the Districts will be between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, P. M., except in the Boroughs of Gettysburg, Littlestown and Berwick, and Huntington township, where they will be held between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Committee.

EDWARD MCPHERSON, *Ch'n.*

D. MCCONAUGHY, *Sec'y.*

REPUBLICAN COUNTY MEETING.

There will be a Republican County Meeting in the Court-House on WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT, August 19th, at 8 o'clock. Several speakers will be present.

Organize for Victory.

By order of the Borough Executive Committee.

A. J. COVER,
Chairman.

PAY UP!

The enlargement of our paper and the purchase of a new Press, Type, &c., has cost us over $1,800. We have besides several heavy paper bills now due, and we are compelled to call upon our friends to furnish us with the means wherewith to meet them. We have a large amount due us for subscription, Job-work, Advertising, &c., which we would like to realize at once, without the necessity of making out bills. The cash system has become a necessity in the newspaper business. We have to pay cash for every thing connected with the office—Paper, Type, Ink, Labor, &c., and that we may do so promptly, without involving the office, it is absolutely necessary that our patrons pay us with equal promptness. We dislike to *dun* but our present wants demand it. Will those indebted to us please take the hint?

Gold has been advancing ever since the New York Convention was held.—The programme of revolution laid down there, and the determined spirit in which their infamous programme has been responded to, especially in the South, has warned business interests, and left the capital distrust which unfailingly attends the gold market, just as a Union victory or defeat affected it during the war.

Solid citizens of South Carolina are anxious to get Northern Capital and enterprize directed to that State.

That will not be, while HAMPTON and such hounds have the ear of the people of that State, and constantly stimulate to assassination as a political agency. Both capital and labor instinctively shun such localities and detest such counsels.

Do you want cheap food, cheap fuel, cheap clothes, and plenty to do, vote against the party which proposes to inflate the currency, unsettle all the values of property, and bring on a revulsion like that of 1837 or 1857.

THE Cops got up a story that one of GRANT's brothers was opposed to his election, had given money to the Seymour fund, &c. As usual, it proved to be false.

IT IS a singular fact that the financial crashes of 1837 and 1857 were both under Democratic rule. If you want another crash, vote the Copperhead ticket.

THE COPPERHEAD CONVENTION.

The proceedings of this body will be found in our local columns. A few points are worthy of mention.

The thoroughness with which all the soldiers' candidates were slaughtered was a marked feature. The whole proceedings were in harmony with the spirit and temper shown in the New York Convention.

The Senatorial nomination was conferred upon the candidate having the most conspicuous secession record, and Mr. McDivitt's nomination will be pressed for the same reason.

For Associate Judge, we have to remark the harshness with which Mr. DIEHL was treated—considering his gallantry in having accepted nominations when time wasted and money spent were the only rewards won on those hotly-contested fields. In some of those contests, Mr. DIEHL's successful competitor was helping to keep the old Democratic party "under." This looks ungrateful, to say the least.

One thing this Convention has proved; and that is the Democracy don't intend to "keep spite" against repentant Know-Nothings, whether they belonged to the old Democracy and abandoned it for gain, or to the old Whig party and went into the K. N. organization. One of the latter class—a contribution of Johnsonism to the Democracy—was honored with the Presidency of the Convention. And one of the former was honored with *five* votes for Prothonatory—not enough to nominate, but quite enough to "show good feeling." It is sometimes well for great parties to be magnanimous!

The action of the Convention on Congress is supposed to be favorable to Mr. COFFROTH's aspirations for nomination for Congress in case Mr. McCLEAN cannot be nominated.

CHOOSING PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

We have repeatedly alluded to the concerted efforts of the Rebels in the Southern States to prevent the holding of a fair election in November next; and to the apprehension felt that bloodshed in all of them would result from the attempt to hold the election—as the PRESIDENT declines to give any promise that he would preserve the peace and secure to every man the peaceful exercise of his right to vote.

In view of this fact, laws have been passed in Alabama and Florida, providing that electors for President and Vice President shall be chosen on the first Tuesday of November, by the legislatures of those States. Whereat, the Copperhead press of the North is raising a prodigious howl, and threatening divers dreadful things.

These Copperhead editors forget that, in the intensely "Democratic" State of South Carolina, electors were never elected *in any other way than by the Legislature.* Whilst South Carolina did this, the Copperheads could endorse it, never opening their mouths to complain. But the moment Republican States—to avert threatened outbreak and bloodshed—adopt the precedent set for many years by South Carolina, they straightway "boil over" with wrath.

We advise them to keep their temper, and not go off half-cocked, in denunciation of a practice which has the sanction of the purest form of Democracy in this country.

The most that can be said about it, is that it is an over-dose of "democratic" medicine.

"DEMOCRATIC" TOLERATION.

The Columbia (S. C.) *Phœnix* (Seymour and Blair) contains the following resolution passed by a Democratic Club in its vicinity:

Resolved, That no member of this Club shall employ, *rent lands to*, or patronize any Radical, after the present contracts shall have expired. And that from this date, we will not give employment to any freedmen who are straggling over the country as day laborers, who cannot show that they are members of some Democratic association.

The evident purpose of the rich men of the South is to starve the laboring poor into voting the Copperhead ticket.

THE EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT.

We surrender a large portion of our outside page to an official and important statement respecting the expenditures of Government. We hope our subscribers will carefully consider this statement, and will put it by for use in the campaign. *It contains all the facts necessary to refute all the Copperhead falsehoods about Debt, Taxation, and Expenditures.* No more important document has been printed this fall, on either side.

GOV. WARMOTH of Louisiana has officially reported to President JOHNSON that one hundred and fifty men have been murdered in Louisiana in the last month and a half, for the *crime* of being Republicans!

The Governor further states that he believes a bloody revolution is meditated, and he asks for troops to arrest criminals and protect the officers of the law.

This is the latest development of the *Ku-Klux* Democracy—which COX and VALLANDIGHAM think synonymous with *Christian* Democracy.

THE Democratic Platform demands a tax of $1.50 on every bushel of wheat or rye raised; but it does so by indirection.

It demands "equality of taxation on *every* species of property." Whisky is taxed 50 cents a gallon. A bushel of wheat or rye makes three gallons of whisky. Equalizing the tax on grain with the tax on whisky, grain must pay $1.50 per bushel.

Such is the Democratic system of taxation, laid down in their Platform.

HORATIO SEYMOUR says the "Congressional party has allied itself with military power."

The truth is, that under General GRANT's orders, the District Commanders relinquished all the extraordinary power conferred on them by the Reconstruction Acts, as soon as the newly-formed Governments came into operation.

HORATIO should try to be truthful at least.

AS HON. SAMUEL M. ARNELL, M. C. from Tennessee, was returning home in June last, his experience is indicated in this telegram:

COLUMBIA, Tenn., June 14, 1868.

To Gov. WM. G. BROWNLOW. The Ku-Klux searched the train for me last night, *pistols and rope in hand.* Empower me to call upon the military here, if necessary, in your name, to suppress all armed and masked parties in this vicinity. I propose to fight it out. S. M. ARNELL.

IF WE had not seen this paragraph in the Baltimore *Sun* of the 5th inst., we could hardly have believed it:

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 4.—A great Seymour and Blair ratification meeting was held at Alliest to-day. Three thousand persons were present. Hampton, Butler and others spoke, *and two colored men. A colored democratic club was in procession.*

What is "Democracy"

EFFECT OF PAPER MONEY ON LABORING MEN AND TAX-PAYERS.

"A Laboring Man" writes the following to the Bangor (Me.) Democrat:

For four day's work in 1859 I could buy a barrel of excellent flour. For an equally good barrel now I have to work eight days.

For one day's work in 1859 I could buy five pounds of tea. For same day's work I can now buy but two pounds.

For one day's work then I could buy thirty pounds of sugar. For a day's work now I can get but fifteen pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy eight pounds of tobacco. For a day's work now I can buy but three pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy fifteen pounds of coffee. For a day's work now I can buy but five pounds.

For one month's work in 1859 I could clothe myself and family for one year. To do the same now I am obliged to work two months and a half.

What right has a man who votes the Democratic ticket to complain of these things, even if they were all true. They were PRODUCED BY THE WAR—which as TOOMBS himself admits, *was brought on by the Democratic party of the South, after it was defeated in* 1860.

If the Democratic Party had not existed, there would have been no War. If there had been no Republican Party the country would have been destroyed, for BUCHANAN said the Democratic party could not find any constitutional way to save it. It all becomes a "Democrat" to groan over a state of facts, for which his party is directly responsible.

The Republican Party having put down the Rebellion, has reconstructed and restored the Rebel States in a way to secure their perpetual loyalty.—Whether this is to be permitted to continue, will depend upon the result of the next election. If SEYMOUR and BLAIR be elected, all that has been done will be torn up, even if a new War be thereby rendered necessary, which would aggravate every evil now afflicting the country.

Let the men who want peace, vote for GRANT; and they will get it.

SURRENDER TO COFFEE.

We have before us a copy of the Huntsville (Ala.) *Advocate*, which informs us of the progress of the campaign in that State. The Democracy have abandoned the idea that the negro is a monkey or baboon, and concede now that he is "a man and a brother." The Madison county Democratic Executive Committee have employed two colored orators, to stump for them—and announced their coming in this tasteful and elegant manner:

"It affords us pleasure to publish the following despatch. The colored men mentioned, Messrs. Elias Polk and Joe Williams are men of distinction in their race, and are determined to stand by their true friends in the South. They have reputation for ability and eloquence.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 31.

COL. W. M. LOWE:—E. Polk and Jos. Williams will be in Huntsville Sunday morning. T. ANDERSON.

Messrs. Elias Polk and Jos. Williams are here at the invitation of the Democratic Executive Committee *and will be guests while in the city of Albert Bentley.*

We don't know anything of POLK; but he may have in his views some of the blood of that old Tennessee family. He is evidently a "trump card." WILLIAMS is a Pennsylvania jail bird, with considerable smartness and assurance. He is in congenial occupation.

In Mississippi, (Washington and Sunflower counties), the Democrats recently elected to the State Senate, a colored man named WM. T. COMBASH, who turns out to have deserted during the war, from Co. K. 32d U. S. Colored Infantry. The Frederick *Examiner* gives this account of him:

"Combash is a native of this county, and belonged to the Keefer family, and was held South some years prior to the rebellion *for taking something that did not belong to him.* Pretty soon after the war broke out he managed to escape through the rebel lines, and in his flight Northward, visited this city. Shortly after he went to Philadelphia, where he enlisted in the 32d U. S. Colored Infantry, from which he deserted, since which time nothing had been heard of him until he recently turned up an aspirant for Senatorial honors on the Democratic ticket in the State of Mississippi."

"Deserters" and "jail-birds!" Of such, are the Democratic "stumpers" in the South.

COMBASH is announced as intending soon to visit Frederick. So distinguished a Democrat might be useful to the Democratic campaign in this State.—We respectfully call the attention of our Democratic friends, needing speakers, to this faithful colaborer in the Democratic vineyard.

THE Charleston *Mercury* is the leading "Democratic" paper of South Carolina. It gives notice to the Legislature now in session that its laws will not be obeyed, that its officers will not be allowed to perform their duties, and that they "had better disperse," as FRANK BLAIR insists they must.

It adds:

"Being unconstitutional, all who attempt to enforce it, or to exercise power by its authority, are simply trespassers. A trespasser can be sued in action for damages.—*A trespasser may be justifiably killed.*"

It says further that if the State authorities resort to force to enforce the laws, they will be held to be "traitors" to the State, and properly punished.

This is revolution run mad—secession treason repeated. All the Southern revolutionists are for SEYMOUR.

THE N. Y. *Times* has condensed a great fact into this compact sentence:

"Conservatism in the Republican ranks ceased its murmuring and its opposition when copperheadism proclaimed its continued mastery of the Democratic Party."

This consideration will drive thousands of votes to GRANT, who would otherwise have voted against Republican candidates. The safety of the country—which is always the first consideration of the citizen—cries out against replacing in power the Rebel leaders of the South, and the anti-War men of the North.

THE Illinois *Times* claims SEYMOUR's election, *but concedes Illinois to* GRANT. In the East, the Copperheads *claim* Illinois for Seymour. The *Times* barely elects Seymour; but claims for him California, Indiana, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin. What a fool!

THE Democracy want to have a chance to deal with the finances of the country.

Their last exploit in this line was in 1861, when they succeeded in borrowing money at sixteen per cent. interest.

HON. THOMAS E. COCHMAN, who has long, and very ably edited the York *Republican*, has retired, and will be succeeded by a gentleman of experience and ability who will maintain the standing of this sterling journal.

SEYMOUR wants "conservative Republicans" to vote for him.

"Walk into my parlor," said the spider.

SAYS the Montgomery (Alabama) *Advertiser* (Conservative):

It is better that the Democracy of the North should realize the truth as to the Southern Presidential vote, in order that they may proceed at once to reflect upon the facts and resolve upon such action as may be suitable to the case. It may be relied on as a fact that in the seven so-called reconstructed States Grant electors will be chosen without any exception whatever.

DEATH OF THADDEUS STEVENS.

HIS LAST MOMENTS.

We have the melancholy duty to-day of announcing the death of THADDEUS STEVENS—the great Commoner and Statesman—which took place in Washington, on Tuesday night. We defer until next issue special comments on this great national loss, and annex brief details of the death. The Washington *Chronicle* of Wednesday morning says:

Hon. Thaddeus Stevens died at precisely twelve o'clock last night, at his residence in this city, on Capitol Hill. Simon Stevens, Thaddeus Stevens, Jr., a nephew, and his housekeeper, Mrs. Smith, were at his bedside. Also, Sister Loretta and Sister Genevieve of Providence Hospital, and Mr. J. Scott Patterson, of the Interior Department, and the servents of his household. Breathing his last, he passed away calmly and quietly, without a struggle, as though falling asleep.

The death of Mr. Stevens at any hour since Sunday last, when he suffered a relapse, was not unlooked for by the members of his household. Last evening, at about 9 o'clock, his attendant physician, Dr. Noble Young, called to pay him a professional visit, and at once discovered that the good old man's life was rapidly drawing to a close. He so informed the immediate friends of Mr. Stevens, who was then too weak to give expression to his feelings.—That he was fully prepared for the great change there is no doubt, for he had long been aware of the frail tenure by which he held his life. Yesterday he remarked to those around him that he was rapidly sinking and had no hope of every resuming his accustomed seat in the Capitol. The calmness, and even cheerfulness evinced by him so long as speech was left him was remarked by those around his bedside, who drew from the scene a lesson never to be forgotten, and one which showed them how calmly and peacefully he can die who throughout a long lifetime has unerringly followed out the dictates of justice, right and humanity.

On Monday he expressed considerable anxiety in regard to the state of the country, induced mainly, perhaps, by the current reports of apprehended troubles in Louisiana. He expressed a strong desire that Mr. Johnson might be abstain from any measures of a character calculated to disturb the public tranquillity, and hoped that no necessity might arise for the reassembling of Congress in September. Yesterday afternoon he conversed with great cheerfulness and animation, talking on a variety of ordinary topics, and evincing a lively interest in that which interested those around him.

The Washington *Express* of last evening gives the following additional incidents of Mr. Stevens' last moments:

Mr. Simon Stevens informed him that he had just left Mr. Evarts, and that the latter had informed him of the purport of his opinion on the Rollins case, and that it was in effect that Rollins' resignation could not be accepted, etc. To this Mr. Stevens replied: "I believe Mr. Evarts is not only a sound lawyer, but a statesman, who will advise the President so to act as to administer the laws in a manner that will avoid the necessity of Congress meeting in September. If he does," he continued, "I shall feel prouder than ever that I urged his (Evarts') confirmation."

He spoke several times of going to his home in Lancaster, and had no idea that his end was so near at hand. He said to his relatives: "I believe Grant will be elected, and that he will carry out the great Reconstruction laws."

At 5 o'clock Dr. N. Young visited him, and said he must not be fatigued by talking, and pronounced him in a sinking condition. He was constantly eating pieces of ice, and appeared as if an inward fever was consuming his vitals. When the ice melted in his mouth he would reach out his hand for more, and appeared to enjoy the relief afforded by being fanned.

About seven o'clock two colored ministers, Rev. Mr. Hall and Rev. Mr. Reed, (both of the Israel Methodist Church) arrived, and requested permission to see Mr. Stevens and pray with him. When asked if they should do so he said, "Oh, yes."—These colored ministers then entered his bedchamber and approached the bedside. He looked toward them nodding his head, and smiled. Rev. Mr. Hall said, "Mr. Stevens, you have the prayers of all the colored people in the country." He again nodded his head. They then prayed at his bedside until eight o'clock, when they retired.

At 11 o'clock it was observed that he opended and closed his eyes with a nervous twitching, but still appeared conscious, and still continued to swallow the small pieces of ice that were placed in his mouth.

There were in the room at this time the two Sisters of Charity, Simon Stevens, Thaddeus Stevens, Jr., Mrs. Smith, Mr. J. Scott Patterson, of the Interior Department, his body servant Lewis West, his coah-man John Cephas, and several of the house servants. Simon Setvens sat upon the bed fanning him, young Thaddeus stood by the bedside holding his hand, Mrs. Smith knelt at the foot of the bed, while the Sisters, also kneeling, continued to read the prayers for a departing soul. The servants were kneeling in various parts of the room. About ten minutes before twelve o'clock it was evident that the time of dissolution was nigh. His breathing was hard; he took no more ice, and his eyes were closed. By a timepiece in the room it was just three minutes past 12 o'clock when Mr. Simon Stevens exclaimed, "He is dead!"

Concerning the funeral arrangements, the *Washington Star* says:

Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been fully completed, nor will they be till the arrival of Hon. Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House of Representatives, who is expected to arrive here this afternoon. His remains (which will be embalmed) now lie in the parlor of his residence on Capitol Hill, where visitors desirous of a final look at his features are constantly coming and going, among whom are many ladies. The body presents a wonderfully life-like appearance, and lies enshrouded in a full suit of black, with a black scarf around the neck.

He will be buried at Lancaster, Pa., and the remains will probably be removed to his residence at that place on Friday, although the time has not yet been definitely settled. The funeral ceremonies at Lancaster will not be until Sunday or Monday next.

MEETING IN GETTYSBURG ON WEDNESDAY EVENING.

A meeting of citizens was held at 6½ o'clock in the Court House, when Hon. JOHN B. DANNER was called to the Chair; and Dr. C. Horner and John Wilson appointed Secretaries. The death of Mr. STEVENS was formally announced by Hon. EDWARD MCPHERSON, when the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the citizens of Gettysburg and Adams county have heard with sincere sorrow of the death of Hon. THADDEUS STEVENS, the illustrious statesman, the eloquent advocate, the profound lawyer, and the citizen full of public spirit, benevolence, and good works.

Resolved, That as residents of the town and county in which he passed the first twenty-five years of his professional life, we recall, with sentiments of gratitude and love, the abounding evidences of his fidelity to our local business, and educational interests, his attachment to this community, his solicitude for its prosperity, and his pride in its progress.

Resolved, That a Committee of twenty-five persons be appointed by the Chair, to attend his funeral.

Resolved, That it be recommended that the Church bells in the Borough be tolled during the funeral services, and that the business places be closed during that time.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the newspapers of Gettysburg, and a copy sent to the family of the deceased.

The following persons compose the committee to attend the funeral:

Hon. Edward McPherson, Hon. R. G. Harper, Dr. C. Horner, Dr. H. Horner, David Wills, D. McConaughy, John B. Danner, Col. C. H. Buehler, W. D. Hinkle, John B. Hersh, Dr. M. D. Bayly, A. K. Myers, Col. John Wolford, Col. J. H. McClellan, John L. Tate, Hon. S. R. Russell, John Picking, Col. E. G. Fahnestock, Peter Shively, Col. Ephraim Myers, Maj. Robert Bell, Wm. Wible, Robert McCurdy, George Little, Moses McClean and John Dickson. The above Committee will leave Gettysburg on Monday morning in the 8.15 train for Lancaster.

LATER.—The funeral services were to take place at Washington this (Friday) morning at 8 o'clock. The remains would leave the capitol in a special train at 9.30 A. M. to reach Lancaster at 6 P. M.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

WHO brought on the war? The Democratic party.

THE Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard* guarantees 50,000 majority for Grant and Colfax in North Carolina.

WHO boasted that they would not vote a man nor a dollar to put down the Rebellion? The Democratic Pary.

THE firm of Seymour & Blair is in a shaky condition. Heavy notes fall due in November, and a collapse is expected.

THE Hartford *Post* thus hits the nail on the head: "The Democratic party is the peace party in war, and the war party in peace."

SEYMOUR's physicians say he is likely to become crazy within a year. If he has any hopes of defeating Grant he is crazy already.

GENERAL GRANT has a great advantage over his antagonists. He whipped them once, and his prestige will go a great ways in doing it again.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE affirms that a majority of the Supreme Court are in favor of sustaining the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts.

THE Ku-Klux Klan has made its appearance in Virginia, for the purpose of lessening the Republican vote—*with the bowie knife and bullet.*

OUR Democratic exchanges from the North, are teeming now as they teemed in 1860, with threats of war should a man distasteful to the South be elected.

THE *New York Citizen* (Democratic) heads its announcement of Seymour and Blair's nomination, "Might have been worse." It "might have been Wirz," if the miserable scoundrel hadn't been hung.

THE Hon. J. W. Gordon, of Indianapolis, who of late years had cast his lot with the Democracy, is unable to swallow the Seymour-Blair prescription, and says that he shall vote for Grant and Colfax.

A VERMONT Volunteer writes the *Tribune:* "I have great respect for carpet-baggers, having been one myself during a part of the time during the 'late unpleasantness.' My carpet-bag was marked 'U. S.'"

THE Philadelphia *Post* says: "All the Democratic papers are busy trying to prove that Horatio Seymour was loyal during the Rebellion. Nobody takes this trouble for Grant, because it is not necessary."

AN exchange says: "When Wade Hampton left Columbia, at the approach of Sherman's army, he announced that he was 'bound to Texas or hell.' He didn't go to Texas, but to the Democratic party. Hasn't he kept his word?"

HERETOFORE the Democrats have objected to the Republican party on the ground that it was sectional—that it had no members in the South. Now they complain that it has more members in the South than it ought to have.

THE Democratic party is once again under its old leaders. People who now vote its ticket must stand under the banner of Semmes, Hampton, Toombs Vance and Vallandigham. The figure-head is Seymour but the helmsman is Jefferson Davis.

A DEMOCRATIC paper praises Seymour on the ground that he "can neither be called a Peace Democrat nor a War Democrat distinctively." Since the publication of Frank Blair's letter before his nomination, there can be no doubt concerning him. He is a strong *War* Democrat.

AN irate Democrat at the National Convention, mistaking the uniformed policemen for Union soldiers, thus exclaimed: "It is time this blue-coated despotism was bursted when our liberties are interfered with by such an infernal lot of club-slingers at a Democratic Convention!"

THE Boston *Post*, the leading Democratic newspaper of New England, said of Schuyler Colfax in 1863: "He is an intelligent, active working man; a good printer, a good editor, a good citizen, and has discharged his duty conscientiously, we have no doubt, as a public man."

THE Chicago *Post* says: "The Democrats of Marion County, Ky., had a 'glorious ratification' last week, Friday. They went to the house of Geo. Rogers, a Union soldier during the war, dragged him from the presence of his wife, and hung him to the limb of a tree."

"OUR soldiers *run* well this year," was the sneering remark make by Seymour after a series of reverses in 1863. On which the Newburgh *Journal* comments: "They will 'run' well this year, too, and are already 'after' his nimble excellency 'with a sharp stick.'"

JUDGE ALDRICH, who had the honor of a Democratic reception in Charleston (S. C.) a few days ago, said: "This is a grand contest in which we are engaged; a contest for constitutional liberty, *and it was the contest in which we have been engaged since* 1861."

THE platform adopted by the Democratic National Convention reads that "we declare that the Reconstruction Acts of Congress are unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void." "That," says Wade Hampton, "was my plank in the platform. I yield to no one in devotion to our lost cause."

A JUDGE, when asked what he thought of the nomination of Seymour and Blair, said the Democratic party were very much in the condition of the old man who lost four wives, and who, when his friends called to condole with him on his last bereavement, remarked: "Well, friends, I must say I've had awful luck in wives."

OFFICIAL papers have come to light showing that the Democratic Executive Committee of Ohio have assessed a contribution of 10 cents a head on each Democratic voter in the State, to carry on the campaign. The County Committees are to collect it through the agency of the subcommittees.

THE Bolivar (Tenn.) *Bulletin* (rebel) announces its intention to keep standing in its columns a list of all persons in Hardeman county who take a Radical paper. Of course this will be a notification to the Ku-Klux cut throats to murder and burn the property of all who are reported in these 'black lists.'"

THE old War Democrats who separated themselves from the so-called Democratic party during the Rebellion, and stood firmly in support of the Government and in favor of putting down the Rebellion, are everywhere falling into the ranks of the Republican party and pronouncing for Grant and Colfax. They are opposed to restoring the rebellious element to power.

HUMPHREY MARSHALL, the fat Rebel General, who never won a fight during the war, in a speech at Louisville on Tuesday, alluded with sorrow to the downfall of the glorious Confederacy, adding: "But here I am in the old Democratic party, and, with God's help, may I never [illegible]

Special Notices.

A DDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED, whose sufferings have been protracted from ignorance of the simple means required to effect a permanent but speedy cure. If you are nervous, have suffered from involuntary discharges, weak stomach, pain in the back, dimness of sight, dizziness, confusion of ideas, universal debility, do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your face exhibit sudden flushes, and your mind frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes scalding, cloudy, or ropy, or left deposit on settling? Does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting, or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eyes brilliant? The bloom on your cheek no bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your kidneys sore, and have little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Do you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear of such an one complain of being subject to any nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; but are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—can look over a counter, look or say other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflated by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men, from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that weakness in those organs which has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—viz., insanity, consumption, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble is rarely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of the organs require the use of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

If the treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these, and upon their purity and healthiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 New York, and 104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. [Aug. 7-2m

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp, and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all Druggists. [Aug 7.-1m.

SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS is highly recommended by physicians for dyspepsia, on account of its tonic properties, its purity, and its delicious flavor. See advertisement in another column. Sept. 4.—1y

TO THE LADIES.—FOR ONLY NOE DOLLAR,

We are selling *Silks, Shawls, Dry* and *Fancy Goods* of every description. Also, *Oil Cloth Hirr, Furniture, &c. Valuable Presents*, from $3 to $500, sent *free of charge* to agents sending clubs often and upwards. Circulars sent free on application.

WYETH & CO.,
Successors to MARSHALL & Co.,
42 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.
Feb. 5.—6m

P. O., Box, 2931.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No. 605 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in this and other countries can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. A medical Work issued without pain. No charge made for examination.
Nov. 20, 1867.—1y

Carriages, Harness, &c.

Buggies and Carriages.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in the line.

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALL-ING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.

July 1, 1868.—1y W. K. GALLAGHER.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices. All orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING ☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP

Are now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care, and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any other in or out of the cities. All we ask is an inspection of our work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

☞ REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Givens a call at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

June 12, 1867.—tf

Adams County Ahead!

THE EXCELSIOR PATENT FLY-NET,

Manufactured entirely of Leather, and much neater than Cotton or Linen Nets. For service unsurpassed.

PATENTED FEBRUARY 18TH, 1868,
BY BURKHOLDER, WORLEY & GROVE.

J. L. WORLEY, Sole Agent for the *EXCELSIOR PA-TENT NET* for Adams county.

HAS constantly on hand manufactured Nets of the SADDLES,
HARNESS,
COLLARS,
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
TRUNKS,
BLANKETS,
BELLS,
AND EVERYTHING,

pertaining to a Horse furnishing establishment.

☞ AGENTS WANTED to sell Territory for Patent Nets, also to sell Nets on commission in the County. All communications should be addressed to

J. L. WORLEY,
York Sulphur Springs, Adams co., Pa.
April 1, 1868.—1y

DAVID MCCREARY. JOHN F. MCCREARY

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and, HARNESS of all kinds, in the County

are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(MCCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles, are the most substantially built and neatest.

Our Harness, (*plain and silver mounted*,) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars, are all of OAK TANNAGE. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets and everything in the line; *None better or cheaper.*

Our prices have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out, to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞ Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY.
June 28, 1868.—tf D. MCCREARY & SON.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY

New Advertisements.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

I have opened an agency for the

SALE OF REAL ESTATE,

in connection with my law business in Gettysburg and will give personal attention to the

Examination of Titles, Conveyancing & Investment of money.

Parties wishing to sell, or buy lands, may find it to their advantage to call. Several

Farms and Woodland

A No. 1, FARM, PRICE $7,000

A GOOD FARM, 220 ACRES, FOR $5,000.

A TRACT, 90 ACRES, FOR $1,800.

in the neighborhood of Gettysburg—also, property in town for sale.

R. G. MCCREARY,
Gettysburg, July 10, 1868.—tf. Attorney at law.

FARMERS!!!

TRY THE

ALTA VELA PHOSPHATE!

IT is composed principally of the celebrated Guano from

ALTA VELA.

Contains three per cent. of AMMONIA, an ample quantity to give activity (without injury) to the vegetation, and a large quantity of soluble

BONE PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

together with Potash and Soda, the essential elements of a

COMPLETE MANURE.

The high reputation it has obtained among the many thousand farmers who are using it in preference to all other kinds, is a sure guarantee of its value.

PRICE $56.00 PER TON.

Send for a pamphlet. Address

THE ALTA VELA GUANO CO.,
57 Broadway, New York.
July 31, 1868.—1y

BUILDERS

Look to your Interest.

THE undersigned still continues in the Lumber business, at his

Legal Notices.

ICE.—Letters of Adminis-
tion on the estate of JEREMIAH B. STEEL, de-
e of Hamiltonban township Adams county,
n granted to the undersigned, residing in
nship. he hereby gives notice to all persons
s said estate to call and make immediate
, and those having claims against the same
it them properly authenticated for settle-
GEORGE F. SITES, Adm'r.

NSE.—The following ap-
ions to keep a Restaurant, have been filed in
with the requisite number of signers, and
ranted at the Court quarter Sessions, on
onday of August, 1868:
G. LAWRENCE, Menallanesett township.
E. FISHER & CO., Gettysburg Borough.
MMONEL, Reading township.
A. W. MINTER, Clerk.

CUTOR'S NOTICE.—Let-
Testamentary on the estate of JOHN HOF-
ard, late of Gettysburg, Pa., having been
the undersigned, in said Borough, she here-
tice to all persons indebted to said estate to
ediate payment, and those having claims
same to present them properly authentica-
ed thereof.
JULIAN HOPKINS,
Executrix.

CUTOR'S NOTICE.—Let-
Testamentary on the estate of FREDERICK
Deceased, late of Huntington township, Ad-
county, Pa., having been granted to the subscriber
ania, he hereby gives notice to all persons
ted to said estate to make immediate pay-
those having claims against the same to
them properly authenticated for settlement.
ISAAC B. TROSTLE, Executor.

ICE.—Letters Testamentary
the estate of JOEL WRIGHT, late of Menallen
Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been
the undersigned, residing in said township,
give notice to all persons indebted to said
make immediate payment, and those having
the same to present them properly
for settlement.
RUTH M. WRIGHT,
JANE F. WRIGHT,
Executrix.

CUTOR'S NOTICE.—Let-
Testamentary on the estate of NATHANIEL
, late of Liberty township, Adams county,
n granted to the undersigned, both of
ship, they hereby give notice to all per-
ebted to said estate to make immediate pay-
all having claims against the same to pre-
properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN MUSSELMAN, Executrix.
ANN MARIA GRAYSON, Executrix.

diers' Discharges.

e procured the proper Docket. I am prepar-
RECORD SOLDIERS' DISCHARGES, in ac-
with a recent Act of the Legislature of
nia. Soldiers are cautioned against delay
ery.
WM. D HOLTZWORTH,
Register & Recorder of Adams county.

SOLUTION
Partnership heretofore existing between
signed under the firm of SHEAFFER &
PETERSON, (W. S.,) is hereby dissolved.
ons indebted to said firm will please make
without delay. Either partner is authorized
name of the firm in the settlement of the
said dissolution to take effect from the first
, 1868.
D. C. SHEAFFER,
H. W. BECKER.
1868.—3m

N ORDINANCE
R PRESERVATION OF GOOD ORDER.

tained, and it is hereby ordained by the
Council of the Borough of Gettysburg—
e of Amusement, bar any Bar, Saloon,
or other place where spirituous or malt
ors are then sold shall be kept open with-
more than 10 o'clock, P. M., and any
shall keep open any such place of amuse-
ments, or who shall sell or furnish any
malt liquors later than the hour afore-
ber than 4 o'clock, A. M., shall upon con-
for first offence, and pay five dollars for the
and ten dollars for any subsequent offence,
ay the costs of prosecutions; and upon
ny such fine and costs shall be imprisoned
up to jail for the space of forty-eight hours.
ALEX. SPANGLER,
President of Council.
EMER CULP, Secretary.
PETER MYERS, Burgess.
1868.—3t

urt Proclamation.

AS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President
several Courts of Common Pleas in the
mprising the 19th District, and Justice of
ourt of Over and Terminer and General Jail De-
the trial of all capital and other offenders
ein, and Hon. EDWARD McPHERSON and Hon. SAMUEL
Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas,
of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and
Delivery, for the trial of all capital and
ers in the county of Adams—have issued
bearing date the 22d day of April, in
our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
to me directed, for holding a Court of
and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace,
eneral Jail Delivery, and Courts of Oyer
Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday, the 17th day
ember next.
I, THEREBY GIVEN, to all the Justices of
the Coroner and the Constables within the
that they be then and there in their pro-
with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions,
and other Remembrances, to do those
their offices and in that behalf apper-
ione, and those who will prosecute
ainst those that are or then shall be in the
county of Adams, are to be then and there
to prosecute against them as shall be just.
PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 31, 1868.

EGISTER'S NOTICES.

ICE is hereby given to all
rs and other persons concerned, that the
ion Accounts hereinafter mentioned will
d by the Orphans' Court of Adams county,
ion and allowance, on MONDAY, the 17th
UST next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:
First and final account of Henry J. Myers,
ian of Sarah Wolf, deceased.
Second final account of John G. Brinkerhoff,
of the last will and testament of Margaret
deceased.
First and final account of John Walbey,
the said Real Estate of Henry D. Rex,
ased.
First and final account of Jacob Frey and
ers, Executors of John George Kerschler,
ased.
First and final account of Henry Bishop
, Administrator with the will annexed of Adam
deceased.
Account of Andrew Eyler, Guardian of
Stallsmith, minor son of Peter Stall-
ased.
First and final account of John S. Chronis-
Administrator of Jacob L. Chronister,
e twp., deceased.
Account of Wm. J. Martin, Administrator
Mary Martin, deceased.
First account of Hugh Warren, Executor
Have Warren, late of Menallen twp.,
ased.
First account of Ann E. Hake and F. D.
Executors of John Hake, deceased.
Second and third account of Charles S. Wright,
and administrator of Charles S. Wright,
Sarah Ann Hiles and Albert J. Cook,
minor children of Jos. Cook, late of Mc-
ship, deceased.
First and final account of D. McConaughy,
of Martha J. C. Neely, one of the Sister
John Neely, deceased.
W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.

UNTY ACCOUNT.
AL STATEMENT of the
Account of CONEWAGO TOWNSHIP,
PENNA.
BRILY, Treasurer of Road Fund in ac-
, from April 1st, 1867, to June 1, 1868:
Dr.
receives, on private subscription $1,227 00
ceived from Commissioners of Bun-
draft 2,264 67
ceived from Commissioners of Bun-
1864 ..... 6,238 84
ceived from Collectors of Bunker
1866 and 1867 ..... 4,761 81
ceived from list of Private
ers 103 66
ollected on said duplicate 112 68
ceived from tax collector of 1868 ..... 3,667 83
$24,495.47
CR.
Orders paid out on $9,567 35
Orders paid without 14,014 46
Treasurer receives 60 69
Treasurer's fees 424 00
Samuel Walker 424 00
Abraham Hoke 2,650 00
A. W. Heiland in- 211 60
Collector 44 56
Treasurer's com- 29 22
..... 24,451 88
$50 59
Deficiency 50 59
Examined, Auditors of Conewago town-
ify that we have this day examined and
the foregoing account of the Treas-
ship Fund of said township, and find a bal-
Orders and Bills remaining in his hands,
ount paid over to the School Fund of said
ship, and that the foregoing statement is
ing items furnished by Auditors of said
ship. April 6, 1868, as appears on book
ibmitted to us by the Treasurer.
AMBROSE ELINE,
GEO. KOHLER, } Auditors.
PETER EYSTER,
DIEHL, Township Clerk.
July 31.—2t

rintendent's Notice.

ublic Teachers at the following named
d places, to wit:
Hunterstown, August 10, 8 a. m.
Hampton, Hampton, August 10, 2 p. m.
East Berlin, August 15, 8 a. m.
Berlin, August 15, 2 p. m.
Green Hill, H., August 19, 8 a. m.
New Oxford, August 19, 2 p. m.
Mount John H. August 20, 9 a. m.
Mechanicstown, August 21, 8 a. m.
S. H., August 21, 2 p. m.
Bonaut, August 22, 8 a. m.
Gettys. S. H., August 22, 2 p. m.
Petersburg, August 25, 8 a. m.
Berlin, August 26, 8 a. m.
Gettysburg, August 26, 8 a. m.
Petersburg, August 27, 8 a. m.
Little Round Top, August 28, 9 a. m.
New Chester, August 28, 2 p. m.
North's S. H., August 31, 9 a. m.
Church S. H., August 31, 2 p. m.
Fairfield, August 31, 8 a. m.
Grayson's S. H., Sept. 1, 2 p. m.
Fairfield S. H. Sept. 5, 9 a. m.
Two Taverns, Sept. 12, 9 a. m.
and others interested in the cause are cor-
to attend. I would respectfully call at-
law and decisions relative to Teachers'
published in this paper of a late date. A
of qualifications will this year be re-
chers will prepare themselves according-
the examinations can be pressed, and no
ill be renewed. Those who fail to attend
examination in their district will be re-
end a special public examination hereaf-
ounced.
AARON SHEELY, Co. Supt.
July 31.—2t

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, August 14, 1868.

PARADE.—The Gettysburg Zouaves will meet at their Armory for parade and drill on Saturday, August the 29th, at 1 o'clock P. M.

CRANE SHOT.—JAMES B. WEAVER of Straban township, shot a Crane (dove color) which measured five feet in height and five feet ten inches from tip to tip of wings. Who can beat it?

CAMP MEETING.—The members of Gettysburg and York Circuit of the African M. E. Churches (colored) will hold a Camp-meeting at WOLF'S Spring, near this place, commencing on Friday next.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—The property of Dr. JAMES A. ARMSTRONG, in East Berlin, a two story brick Dwelling and Lot of ground, was sold by Sheriff HANN, on Saturday last to NICHOLAS HELTZELL, Esq., for $2505.

IRON ORE.—We understand that a vein of very valuable magnetic ore has been recently discovered on the farm of EDWARD STALEY, at Centre Mills, in Butler township. The quantity appears to be large, and the quality superior.

STROKE BY LIGHTNING.—Some few weeks ago during the prevalence of a very heavy storm the lightning struck the barn of PETER HUMMER, Esq., of Tyrone township, knocked out a portion of the gable end, and killed a very fine horse, stunning several others.

IMPROVEMENTS.—Dr. J. L. HILL is adding a third story to his residence on Chambersburg street.

SAMUEL HERBST is erecting a fine three-story brick on the lot recently bought from Rev. Dr. SCHMUCKER and adjoining the residence of the latter.

SALES.—SAMUEL HERBST has sold his farm, in Cumberland township, to ISAAC PRICE, of Chester county—223 acres, at $4,400 cash.

JOHN TAWNEY has disposed of a half lot, at the west end of West Middle street, to JOHN S. BART, $125. Mr. B. has commenced the erection of a dwelling thereon.

PIC NICS.—The Methodist Episcopal Sunday School intend to pic-nic in the grove near Bendersville on Thursday next. The public are cordially invited to attend.

The Union Sunday School of Bendersville intended holding a Pic-nic in Bender's Grove half mile south of Bendersville, on Saturday August the 29th. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

A PROSPEROUS NEIGHBOR.—The Gettysburg *Star and Sentinel* has been again enlarged and is now one of the largest and best country papers in Southern Pennsylvania. It is only a little more than a year since the paper passed into the hands of its present proprietors, by whom it was once enlarged and greatly improved. It is now a second time enlarged under their proprietorship. We are always gratified to note such evidences of prosperity among our neighbors. The *Star and Sentinel* is one of our most spirited Republican Journals and under the charge of HARPER, MCPHERSON and BUEHLER is dealing vigorous blows in favor of Grant and Colfax.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

ARRESTED.—Deputy Sheriff JAMES E. HANN, assisted by W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Esq., succeeded in arresting, on Wednesday, one of the party charged with stealing harness, sleigh bells, &c., in Carroll's Tract, last fall. Their names are WILLIAM and GEORGE MEYERS. Living in the mountain, they all along managed to evade arrest, but this time were taken completely by surprise. Whilst descending the mountain with the prisoners, Messrs. HANN and HOLTZWORTH were shot at several times from the bushes, but without hitting or alarming them. The Meyerses are safely caged, in the County Jail.—*Compiler* of 7th.

RAILROAD ITEMS.—We understand that a survey is in progress, for a railroad from Emmitsburg to the Western Maryland railroad. The purpose is to tap the the latter near the Monocacy; the estimated distance is about seven miles.

The Frederick and Pennsylvania Line railroad company has been organized.—We understand that there are conflicting preference as to the best route North. Some favor the extreme Eastern route by Littlestown; others prefer a route along the Monocacy to the neighborhood of Emmitsburg; and others prefer a more westerly route, striking the mountain. Both the latter schemes contemplate a junction with the old State railroad, which would make a connection with Gettysburg.—The chief argument in favor of the latter route over the first named is that it will bring the road that much nearer the great coal fields of the State, bituminous and anthracite. If the Southern Pennsylvania be pressed to completion, the whole Broad top region would be opened to the trade of that portion of Pennsylvania and all connecting districts.

An adjourned meeting of the Commissioners of the "Adams County Railroad," was held at the Nelson house, in Dillsburg, on Saturday, August 1st. The meeting was largely attended by those who have direct and indirect interest in the construction of this proposed road. The object of this meeting was to appoint Committees to thoroughly canvass the different townships along the intended route for subscriptions toward a survey, in order that the company may arrive at a pretty correct estimate of the cost, and determine the most advantageous route. The charter authorizes and empowers the company to receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, and any additional sum necessary to a completion of the road, whilst the supplement of 1868 gives them the privilege to connect with the P. C. R. R. or any Railroad connecting therewith, *wherever* they may deem advisable, and likewise the privilege of extending it from York Sulphur Springs to Gettysburg, or any point in Adams county, that the company may consider expedient. Another meeting is appointed for York Sulphur Springs to be held in Petersburg the 22d inst., when and where the various committees will report their progress, after which it is expected that a survey will be immediately instituted under command of Gen. W. W. Wright, late Engineer on the U. P. R. Prospects for the construction of this contemplated road are assuming a very cheering nature.

We understand that it is proposed to make Bridgeport or New Cumberland the terminus, in preference to Mechanicsburg, because the road can be more cheaply made, the right of way would be less, and the terminus better for business when made, the chief idea being to get as near the lumber interests as possible, and on a through, instead of a branch road.

The Engineer Corps of the Columbia and Port Deposite Railroad Company are now engaged in revising a few points along the line of the recent survey. As soon as they are through with this, they will run a line from the mouth of Pequa creek, Lancaster county, through the lower end of York county, to connect with the Northern Central Railroad at or near Hanover Junction.

The following paragraph from the Philadelphia *North American* of 7th is interesting to our people:

The Columbia Bridge, now under course of construction, will be completed by the first of December. The bridge will be one mile two hundred feet in length. It is already half finished, and the three central spans are made wholly of iron. It can never again be burned, as it was during the late war. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will lay upon it a track, and next season will run over it, regularly, excursion trains to Gettysburg. The line will connect with the Northern Central at York, by the Wrightsville branch. The entire distance passes through the garden of the State.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.—The public exercises connected with the closing of the Literary and Theological Institutions, at this place, during the present week, attracted an unusual number of strangers. Time and space preclude a detailed notice of these exercises, all of which passed off pleasantly.

On Sunday morning Dr. VALENTINE delivered a very able Baccalaureate Address, based on John VI—12: "Gather up the fragments that remain, that nothing may be lost." On the evening of the same day, Rev. Dr. C. W. SCHAFFER, of Philadelphia, addressed the Young Men's Christian Association of the College, from Acts IX—15: "For he is a chosen vessel unto me."

On Tuesday afternoon Dr. SCHMUCKER delivered the annual Holman Lecture on the Augsburg Confession, selecting the third Article for discussion, which, we need hardly say, was characterized by the Dr's acknowledged ability in treating of theological topics. It will be published. On the evening of the same day, Rev. S. A. HOLMAN, of Philadelphia, addressed the Alumni of the Seminary, selecting as his theme the doctrinal controversy now agitating the Luthern Church.

On Wednesday morning, the exercises of the Junior Class of Pennsylvania College took place, as per annexed programme:

Waste of Mind, J. J. BRINKERHOFF, Gettysburg; *Milton's Satan*, JACOB NEFF, Philadelphia; *Eloquence of Decay*, J. A. CLETZ, Taneytown, Md; *Conflict*, J. A. TOMLINSON, Bedford; *The Living Dead*, HORACE ALLEMAN, Selinsgrove; *The Inner World*, J. W. HUMBERHORSE Baltimore, Md; *Atheism*, J. F. CRESSLER, Shippensburg; *American Liberty*, AUGUSTUS SCHULTES, Berne, N. Y; *Tithonus*, T. R. BEEBER, Muncy; *The Positive Character*, M. L. HEISLER, Salona; *The Negative Character*, F. R. FEITSHANS, Indiana; *Solitude*, J. W. FINKBINER, Vincent; *Hamlet*, L. G. WILE, Philadelphia; *Dreams*, W. S. HEINDEL, York.; *Success in Life*, J. M. GROSS, York; *Evils of Materialism*, G. F. BEHRINGER, New York City; *A Poem—St. Mercurius*, E. T. HORN, Catasauqua.

On Wednesday afternoon, Prof. PARK, of Andover, Mass., delivered a very able Address before the Literary Societies of the College on "Taste and Religion"; and at night Rev. GEORGE PARSONS, of Milton, Pa., addressed the Alumni of the College on "The Hindrances to Moral and Intellectual Development."

Rev. Mr. DIMM was elected to deliver the next Address before the Seminary Alumni, and Bishop CLARKSON the same before the College Alumni.

On Thursday morning, the Commencement exercises proper of the College took place, with the following Programme:

Latin Salutatory; W. C. STOEVER, Gettysburg; *Last Days of Queen Elizabeth*, J. W. RICHARD, Winchester, Va.; *Personal Honor*, G. S. EYSTER, Gettysburg; *Greek Oration*, A. J. ERDMAN, Macungie; *Conscience and Law*, R. F. M'CLEAN, Gettysburg; *National Recollections*, D. L. MCKENZIE, Duncannon; *Intellectual Power of Faith*, L. M. HEILMAN, Kittanning; *Value of Great Men*, E. S. BREIDENBAUGH, Gettysburg; *The Pacific Rail Road*, W. F. HILL, Gettysburg; *Cardinal Wolsey*, A. S. HARTMAN, Littlestown; *Saracen Civilization in Spain*, JACOB RHOAD, Centre Hall; *Charles Dickens*, J. W. HAY, Gettysburg; *Valedictory*, P. K. ERDMAN, Centre Valley.

A. J. Erdman received the first honor, P. K. Erdman the second, W. C. Stever the third, and E. S. Breidenbaugh and J. W. Richard the fourth. P. K. Erdman received the Graeff prize of thirty dollars for writing the best essay on Shakspeare's "Merchant of Venice." The Junior medal was presented to E. T. Horn, of Catasauqua, for greatest proficiency in the Latin language. The Freshmen prize of thirty dollars was equally devided between Benjamin Kurtz, of Baltimore, and F. G. Knapp, of Martin's Ferry, Ohio.

The degree of A. B. was conferred on the members of the graduating class, and that of A. M. on the class of 1865, viz: Rev. T. C. Billheimer, Rev. M. G. Boyer, C. J. Erdman, Rev. Z. H. Gable, Rev. S. S. Henry, Rev. J. Hillpot, Rev. J. C. Koller, Rev. H. W. McKnight, S. F. Rathvon, Wm. M. Rightmyer, J. M. Young, and E. D. Ziegler. The honorary degree of D. D. was conferred on Rev. J. G. Butler, of Washington, D. C., Rev. Lawrence W. Bates, of Baltimore, and Rev. Thomas K. Conrad, of New York.

The music on Tuesday afternoon, Tuesday evening and Wednesday evening was furnished by a select choir of ladies and gentlemen; the music for the other exercises was by the Philharmonic Orchestra of York, Pa., under direction of Prof. BENTZ. Both the vocal and instrumental music were very fine. On Wednesday night Prof. BENTZ's Orchestra serenaded various portions of the town, and gave an opportunity to citizens who failed to get into the church, by reason of the crowded condition of the house, to enjoy their music, which, in judicious selection and skilful execution, was equal to anything we have had on similar occasions.

SEMINARY AND COLLEGE BOARDS.—Much important business was transacted by the Directors of the Seminary and the Trustees of the College. That of the Seminary Board, however, mainly concerned the internal administration of the Institution.—Rev. Dr. Baum, of York, was elected President; Rev. C. A. Stork, of Baltimore, Vice-President; and Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, of Gettysburg, Secretary. Rev. Dr. VALENTINE was selected to deliver the next Holman Lecture on the Augsburg Confession. The Board resolved to purchase the Library of the late Dr. KRAUTH for the use of the Seminary. The report on endowment exhibited encouraging progress, and Dr. Brown was requested to continue his efforts in that direction during the coming year.

The friends of the College will be glad to learn that Dr. VALENTINE has yielded to the renewed unanimous request of the Board of Trustees, and formally accepts the Presidency of the College. This creates a vacancy in the Seminary Faculty, which will probably be filled by the election of another Professor in that Institution at a special meeting of the Directors, to be called in a few weeks.

The office of Vice President was created in the College, and the position filled by the unanimous election of Prof. FEHRER. This will not interfere with Prof. F's duties in the Department of English Language and Literature.

The nomination of Rev. REUBEN HILL as Franklin Professor, made by the Synod of Pennsylvania, was not approved.

In consequence of the generous bequest of the late Mr. PIERSON, the Board determined to establish a new Professorship to be known as the "Pierson Professorship of Greek Language and Literature," and Rev. H. L. BAUGHER, of Indianapolis, Ind., unanimously elected as the incumbent. The studies assigned to the "Franklin Professorship" will hereafter be Ancient, Medieval and Modern History—temporary instruction in which will be provided by the Faculty until the chair is filled.

Prof. WIKEN's resignation as Professor of German was accepted, the Board expressing its sincere regret that he felt himself constrained to tender it. Provision will be made for temporary instruction in this department.

It was resolved to change the period for holding the Commencement exercises from August to the last of June, corresponding changes being made in the opening and closing of the terms.

Rev. Dr. HAY was elected Secretary of the Board in room of D. A. BUEHLER Esq., resigned.

COPPERHEAD COUNTY CONVENTION.—This Convention met in the Court-house on Monday last, and organized by the election of Col. RUFUS C. SWOPE as President; Jacob RAFFENSBERGER and JESSE BUCHER, Vice-Presidents; S. H. ECHOLTZ and FRED. MCINTIRE, Secretaries. The following delegates appeared

Gettysburg—A. W. Flemming, Wm. H. Culp.
Cumberland—Isaac Leeper, Lewis A. Bushman.
Littlestown—Wm. Kuhns, Philip Hemler.
Latimore—F. M. W. Bowra, P. A. Myers.
Hamiltonban—R. C. Swope, J. L. Piror.
Liberty—Fred. McIntire, John Nunnemaker.
Hamilton—John W. Roof, Dr. H. Wolf.
Menallen—Jesse Dull, Nicholas Wierman.
Straban—Jacob Bucher, Eli G. Hesg.
Franklin—Benj. Deardorff, S. A. Swope.
Conewago—Jesse B. Keller, D. F. Bollinger.
Tyrone—A. March, George Gelse.
Mountjoy—G. W. Hartman, Michael Fissel.
Mountpleasant—Samuel J. Shorb, Henry J. Hemler.
Reading—Stephen Heiner, Francis Orndorff.
Berwick Bor—Jesse Bucher, Andrew Baker.
Berwick twp—Henry Miller, B. Garver.
Freedom—Calvin P. Krise, David Rhodes, Jr.
Union—Amos Lefevre, Edward Shorb.
Butler—S. H. Echoltz, Jacob Raffensberger.
Hopkins—J. S. Hechel, Jas. P. Topper.

Messrs. Elcholtz, Lefevre, McClure, Neely and Klunk were appointed a Committee to report Resolutions.

Harvey D. Wattles was elected Chairman of the County Committee.

Nominations were made for the various offices, as follows:

Congress—Wm. McClean, Gettysburg.
Senate—Joseph P. McDivitt, Liberty tp.
Henry J. Myers, Straban.
Assembly—D. A. B. Dill, Huntington.
Isaac Hersher, Highland.
Daniel Geiselman, Union.
G. B. Yantis, Littlestown.
Philip Donahue, Straban.
S. H. Echoltz, Butler.
Judge—James H. Marshall, Hamiltonban.
Isaac E. Wierman, Huntington.
Joseph J. Kuhn, Hamilton.
Frederick Diehl, Franklin.
Prothonotary—Thomas C. Trayer, Oxford.
John A. Atwell, Gettysburg
David Kendlehart, "
Henry Chritzman, "
J. W. Bachman, M'tpleasant
Jacob Melhorn, "
David Conover, Mountjoy.
Dist. Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan, Gettysburg.
Commissioner—Jesse Hartman, M'tjoy.
Samuel Swartz, Union.
Jesse Bucher, Berwick.
Director—Benj. Deardorff, Franklin.
Jacob Keefauver, Cumberland.
John Herbst, Highland.
Lewis Bushman, Cumberland.
Auditor—Capt. E. G. Heagy, Straban.
Isaac Bender, "
Surveyor—James Russell, Franklin.
Jesse Koller, "

Having completed the nominations, the Convention adjourned to 1½ P. M., when it re assembled and proceeded to ballot for candidates.

Mr. Myers' name was withdrawn for Senate; Wierman for Associate Judge; Swartz and Bucher for Comissioner leaving but one candidate, McClean, for Congress; McDivitt for Senate; Duncan for District Attorney; and Hartman for Commissioner; who were unanimously nominated for these several offices.

For the remaining offices the ballotings were as follows:

ASSEMBLY.

	1st	2d
A. B. Dill	16	28
Daniel Geiselman	7	1
G. B. Yantis	10	8
Philip Donahue	3	1
S. H. Eichelter	2	1

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

	1st	2d
James H. Marshall	6	3
Joseph J. Kuhn	24	27
Frederick Diehl	17	18

PROTHONOTARY.

	1st	2d
T. C. Trayer	5	2
J. A. Atwell	2	2
D. Kendlebart	3	5
H. Chritzman	11	9
J. W. Bachman	4	3
Jacob Melhorn	17	26
David Conover	5	

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

	1st	2d
Benj. Deardorff	21	28
Jacob Keefauver	7	
John Herbst	15	18
Lewis Bushman	5	

AUDITOR.

E. G. Heagy	31
Isaac Bender	16

SURVEYOR.

James Russell	17
Jesse Koller	31

After the ballotings had been concluded, some sharp skirmishing ensued on the question of appointing Congressional and Senatorial Conferees. A motion was made that both sets of Conferees be appointed by the President of the Convention and the Committees, but voted down. A motion was then made that the Conferees to be appointed vote first and last for M'CLEAN and MCDIVITT. This was equally unpalateable to the Convention, and a motion on motion followed in rapid succession amid much confusion, none of them, however, being put. The trouble lay in the fact that the nomination for Congress was understood to be purely complimentary, and the anti-COFFROTH delegates didn't seem to trust the Chairman and nominee in the selection of Conferees. The Convention proceeded to elect, resulting in the choice of Samuel Wolf, Amos Lefevre and Abraham Krise as Congressional Conferees. The selection looks decidedly Coffrothish.

The "ring" had arranged to give the track for Senator to DUNCAN of Chambersburg, but Mr. MCDIVITT determined not to be quietly slaughtered and demanded to know if he was simply put up as a foot-ball to be played with. If the Convention did not mean to trifle with him, he wanted Conferees who would stand by him. This decisive action brought the Convention up squarely to the adoption of a resolution giving MCDIVITT the selection of his own Conferees, in connection with the President. DUNCAN will have to look out for breakers. The conferees are the Hon. M. McClean, Adam Robert, and S. H. Eicholtz.

JOSEPH L. SHORB was appointed delegate to the next State Convention.

A series of resolutions were reported by the Committee, and adopted.

GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB.—The Borough "Grant and Colfax Club" had a spirited meeting at the Eagle Hotel, on Friday evening last, which was addressed by Hon. EDWARD MCPHERSON. The following Officers were unanimously elected:

President—Capt. A. M. Hunter.
Vice Presidents.—Capt. Wm. R. Eyster, Col. C. H. Buehler.
Recording Secretary—John M. Krauth,
Corresponding Secretary—Col. E. G. Fahnestock.
Treasurer—Capt. J. F. McCreary.
Executive Committee—Sergt. Frank D. Duphorn, Capt. T. C. Norris, Lieut. Wm. Cress, Sergt. John McAllister, Capt. Wm. T. King.

The Executive Committee have secured the Hall above the "STAR AND SENTINEL" office for the regular meetings of the Club, which will be open every Friday evening from this time until the election. The Club starts with an active, vigorous organization and will doubtless do good duty in the campaign. *All* the officers were in the military service during the Rebellion, and will labor to preserve by the ballot the principles they fought for in the field.

BUILDING LUMBER, &c.—The attention of Farmers, Builders, Contractors, and others, is invited to the large assortment of LUMBER of all kinds suitable for building purposes, to be found at Col. C. H. BUEHLER's Lumber Yard, at corner of Carlisle street and Railroad depot, including Boards, Planks, Flooring, Siding, Laths, Pickets, Shingles, &c.—Also Fence Posts, hewed and sawed, with prime Fencing Boards, white Pine and Hemlock. His stock is not only large, but his arrangements are such that he can sell at the very lowest cash rates. Also, constantly on hands Black-smith, Lime-Burners' and Stove COAL. tf

NEW JOB PRESS.—We have received our new Gordon Card Press, and are now prepared to turn out Cards and Circulars of all kinds, Letter Heads, Bill Heads; Checks, Tickets, &c., in PLAIN and FANCY colors, in the best style, at low rates, and on short notice. Give us a call.

FROM THE FAR WEST.—Among the enterprising young men who have left the county within the last few years to seek their fortunes in the far West, are D. W. HORNER, son of Capt. JOHN HORNER of Mountjoy, and J. S. WALKER, son of JOSEPH WALKER of Cumberland township. They located in Kansas, and have been prospecting "claims" beyond the region of civilization. During one of these trips, Mr. HORNER had a taste of the difficulties of "border life," in the shape of a skirmish with some Indians who undertook to relieve him of his horses. Being of a plucky family, and having become familiar with danger as a member of the 21st Cavalry during the Rebellion, Mr. H. couldn't "see it" in that light, and in a letter to his father refers to the skirmish. As the details may be interesting to Mr. H.'s numerous friends, we have been permitted to make the annexed extract from the letter:

CLARK'S CREEK, KANSAS,
June 24th, 1868.

DEAR FATHER:

* * * * Walker and I started up to White Rock on the 25th of May and returned June 25th. We got along pretty well building houses, breaking prairie, &c. My claim was at the mouth of the creek. I traded with a man who had a claim nine miles up the creek. It was one of the first taken, a good one, but unsafe to take his family up. If the same land were located in your neighborhood, it would be worth $20,000, but where it is it is worth next to nothing now. I expect, however, to go up on it next winter for probably six months. A farm of 160 Acres was sold about 6 miles from this place a few days ago for $8,000—pretty good for the far West.

You may be interested in the details of a little skirmish with the "red-skins" during our trip up to our claims. Walker's claim is two miles above mine.—Three of us worked on his first, putting up at night with our horses in a deserted house adjoining the claims. When we went down to my claim, we could not take all our "traps," and so next morning, while the other two went to the woods for timber, I returned to Walker's claim to bring down the balance of our things. I had hitched the horses at the side of the house, and just about finished loading up the wagon, when a loud snort from the horses attracted my attention. Knowing what was coming, I grasped one of my revolvers, and immediately three Indians made their appearance, mounted on ponies. The bushes grow so thick around the house that I know nothing of their approach until they were within two or three rods of me. I ordered a "halt" Two stopped, while the other continued to approach. Being uncertain as to his purpose, I awaited developments to show whether they came as friends or foes.—Without speaking, the Indian came up to the horses, dismounted, patted the nearest (Walker's mare and a good one at that) on the back, saying: "fine pony—high up," meaning very large. I replied, "pony no good, too big for Indian." He only gave me a savage look, and pulling out his knife commenced cutting her loose from the harness. He eyed me closely, and, seeing me raise my revolver, wheeled around, went about three paces and gave a yell. Thinking it time to commence business, I fired at the dismounted Indian, now about ten feet off. I supposo I sent him to the "happy hunting ground;" at least he fell and troubled me no more. The work however, then began in earnest. I have been in hot places before, but of all this was the warmest. All the Indians had revolvers, and one a rifle. I had two revolvers. In the rapid exchange of shots I fired nine times, the Indians and myself being but a rod or two apart. Their ponies didn't stand fire well. Ammunition getting short I ran into the house, but a few steps off—would have run before, but they were too close to me; besides I didn't want to leave the horses. One of the Indians came around and fired through the door, but it was "no good," as it passed behind me. At that time I was sighting on one of them through a crack and fired. Just then the Indian turned his pony, and circled around the bushes, followed by the other one and the loose pony. That ended the fight and I claimed possession of the "battle-ground," but didn't think it prudent to go and examine it. After waiting awhile, I ran out, mounted the wagon and struck for my own claim.

About the begining of the firing something struck me on the breast which stunned me for a moment, but in the muss I paid no attention to it, hardly knowing at the time which end was up. On examination now, I found my watch had been struck by a bullet. That morning I had fastened it to a breast button of my shirt. The watch was "knocked crazy," and the face badly spoiled. It was equivalent to knocking $30 out of my pocket, but if it had been there I should not now probably need either watch or $30. I came out of the fight with but a slight flesh wound in the right arm, and a soreness of the breast from the smash of the watch. I am now all right again.—Walker's mare was shot in the flank but not hurt much. The Indians I encountered were doubtless a part of a thieving roving band, intent rather on plunder than actual hostilities.

Your son, D. W. HORNER.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—There is probably no disease to which "human flesh is heir," that is more distressing in its effects than that of Dyspepsia, and kindred Diseases arising from disorders of the Liver and Digestive Organs, and it is this fact, probably, which has caused the preparation of the American remedies now before the public.—Among these remedies are Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, which has been prominently before the public for years, and which has received the highest testimonials from thousands of our citizens, who have tested its efficiency in diseases of the character referred to. It has also received the highest commendation from Physicians who have used it in their practice, with complete success. The Hoofland's Bitters is a strictly medicinal preparation, and contains no alcohol, rum, or whiskey; HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with pure Santa Cruz Rum, orange, anise, &c. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where an Alcholic Stimulant is necessary. It is a preparation of rare medicinal value, and most agreeable to the palate. Principal Office, 631 Arch St., Philad'a, Pa. Sold everywhere by Druggists and others. it

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK.—Having largely added to our facilities for Job Printing, we are now enabled with the aid of our Campbell Power Press, Gordon Jobber, and Hand Presses, to turn out promptly all kinds of Printing, from the smallest Card to the largest Poster, including Pamphlets, Speeches, Catalogues, Circulars, Programmes, &c. With our new Job Press.

POISONING THE BLESSED AIR.—This is what the rivals of PFALON's new perfume, "FLOR DE MAYO," are doing with their atrocious compounds. The Health Commissioners should look to it. It is their duty to abate the ill-smelling nuisance. Sold by all druggests. 1-3

☞A young lady writing to her mother from Europe says: "Send me a dozen bottles of "Barrett Vegetable Hair Restorative." What I took with me is all gone, and I cannot think of spoiling my hair by using any other." The judgment of all who have used Barrett's will confirm this lady's experience.—*Boston Transcript.*

CARDS.—With our new Gordon Jobber and full assortment of Fancy Job Type, we are prepared to furnish, at an hour's notice, all kinds of Visiting or Business Cards, Wedding Cards, Ball, Concert and Lecture Tickets, in PLAIN or FANCY colors, equal to the best City work. Our new Gordon works beautifully, and can be seen in operation any day.

THE PLACE TO BUY CHEAP.—Housekeepers and others wanting to buy good Cooking Stoves, the best in the market, warranted to bake and give satisfaction, or any thing in the line of Tin Ware, Japan Ware, Hollow Ware, Chamber Sets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Coffee Mills, Bird Cages, Fruit Jars and Cans, Waiters, &c. &c., will find just what they want at the Ware-room of Col. C. H. BUEHLER, corner of Railroad and Carlisle street, opposite the Passenger Depot, and at prices which defy competition. tf

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING CO UNTIES

CUMBERLAND.—$14,000 have been subscribed to a shoe manufacturing establishment at Mechanicsburg.—John C. Graham, Esq., and A. D. B. Smead, of Carlisle, have been appointed Second Lieutenants in the Third Cavalry.—Mrs. Mary Rockafellow has been appointed P. M. at Mechanicsburg.

FRANKLIN.—The *Repository* complains that the Commissioners to assess damages, recently in session in Chambersburg, have not satisfactorily performed their duties.—The Republican county ticket is the strongest which has been nominated for years, and will poll a heavy vote.

FREDERICK.—The new (German) Reformed Church in Emmitsburg, the cornerstone of which has recently been laid, was designed by Mr

The Farm and Fireside.

CONDITION OF THE CROPS IN JULY.

The following is an abstract from "Condition of the Crops" in the Monthly Report of Agriculture for July:

CORN.—The most remarkable fact in connection with the corn crop of the present year is the great increase of its acreage in the south, the difference in number of acres betees the present and preceding year being more than two millions and a half. These figures show an increase of over 3,000,000 of acres in corn, making about 36,000,000 in the United States, an advance of nine per cent. The drought in the south has retarded somewhat the growth of corn, but its condition in that section is generally good. In the west the average is high, with the exception of Ohio and Indiana, where the weather has been somewhat unpropitious, and storms destructive. In the east, on the last of June, the growth was small, but the hot weather of July has brought a large portion of the crop into splended condition.

WHEAT.—The condition of wheat, as shown in the July returns, is above the average for last year in all the States except Vermont, Connecticut, the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, and Nebraska. The season has been peculiarly favorable to the growth and ripening of this great bread crop in all except the southern States. The favorable reports are so numerous, in the western States especially, that it is unnecessary to give them in detail.

Exceptions to this showing are frequent in the south where rust was more or less prevalent. Some loss from the same cause resulted in Maryland and in the similar latitudes in the west. In a few localities loss from lodging is reported. Unusual exemption from winter killing is manifested, reports of damage from freezing coming only from northern Vermont, some portions of the Ohio valley, and still more southern belt. Very few accounts of destruction by the midge are received. In Lebanon county, Pennsylvania, this insect is charged with taking one-third of the crop. In Clinton, Indiana, some loss is also sustained from insects. In Queen Anne county, Maryland, the extreme heat shriveled the grain in ripening, leaving it light and poor.

In the Miami valley thousands of acres of wheat just ripening have been destroyed by floods, and other crops suffered from the same cause. Other sections of the State were visited by destructive rains at the same time, and much injury resulted to wheat, corn and other crops. With a successful harvesting of the spring wheat it may safely be declared, in summing up the local reports, that a larger number of bushels of wheat, by many thousands, will be grown in the United States in 1868 than any previous season.

Rye, oats, and barley promise abundant crops; no serious drawbacks are reported, and few complaints of bad condition are received.

Potatoes, so exceptionably unproductive last year, are in unusually fine condition, and the average is increased in every State except Rhode Island—the natural result of extremely high prices of last year's crop.

Fruit is variable; apples and peaches less promising than usual. Vermont, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, and West Virginia, make a worse record than other States as to apples.—Peaches will be less abundant than apples; New Jersey, Maryland, and Delaware promising but half a crop, and Illinois and Michigan showing a considerable reduction. A fair promise of grapes is indicated.

Sorghum is generally doing well in the west; not so well as usual in the middle belt of southern States.

THE CATTLE DISEASE.

ITS RAVAGES IN INDIANA—MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED COWS DEAD.

A singular and fatal disease has broken out among the milch cows, in New Albany, Indiana, and adjoining counties, where Texas cattle have been pastured or frequently driven. Up to 27th ult., not less than one hundred cows have died in the city and near it.

It is believed this disease has been brought by the Texas cattle, as in all the infected districts these cattle have either been herded or driven. It is ascertained that upon all the cows that have died there are immense numbers of ticks and lice, such as are always to be found upon the Texas cattle.—These ticks and lice are generally found upon the bag or udders of the cow, or in the groins near the bag. The ticks are much larger in size than the ordinary wood tick of this section, and the lice of the same kind as are always found upon the Texas cattle brought here.

These ticks or lice, it is believed, poison the blood and cause inflammation and partial congestion of the lungs and pleura.—This congested state of these vital organs is noticed in all cattle opened after death.

It is noticed that the cows attacked by this singular disease are all affected in the urinary organs, the urinary discharges being almost entirely suppressed. An examination of several cows after death shows the bladder to be greatly distended, and filled with dark or blood-colored matter.—In some cases the urinary discharges have been very black, and coagulated blood have been found.

The symptoms of attack are in all instances the same. First the milk begins to fail. Then the animal droops its head near the ground, the ears also drooped and moved with apparent pain—the head, when opportunity offers, is pressed against any hard or cold substance. About the second day of the attack trembling of the flanks and hard breaking ensue: the animal becomes very weak and its legs bend and are unsteady under its weight; there is a disposition to lie down and almost immediately arise, and this continues until the third day, when the disease usually terminates fatally, few cattle living into the fourth day after the attack. Only cows have so far been attacked. A Chicago (Ill.) telegram of the 14th says:

There is considerable excitement among cattle sellers and buyers in this city, in consequence of a disease that has recently broken out among beef cattle in the central part of the State.

Out of several lots of cattle received here by the Illinois Central railroad, and purchased and shipped east day before yesterday, seven head died on the cars between here and Pittsburg. Dealers owning them have telegraphed to the Union yards here requesting agents to buy no more cattle here. A general panic is occasioned among the cattle men in consequence.

Governor Fletcher, of Missouri, has issued a proclamation notifying all persons engaged in driving cattle into that State that, by provision of law, such cattle must be inspected by the Board appointed for that purpose, and if found to be diseased or distempered, "or in a condition to communicate any contagious or infectious disease or distemper, called or known as Spanish or Texas fever" must be taken out of the State by the route on which they were driven in.

REWARDED.—The ex-Rebel Admiral Franklin Buchanan, of Talbot county, Md., who commanded the Rebel ram Merrimac in the engagement with the Monitor, has been elected President of the Maryland Agricultural College, by the Trustees of the institution.

SAID a well-known lawyer of St. Louis the other day; "I have been a Democrat, but I cannot vote for Seymour. I will not vote to surrender every thing we fought for. If I can do any good, I will take the stump for Grant and Colfax."

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Preprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old crippled," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment. T. T. TATE.

May 29, 1867.—

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.
MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line,

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c., &c.

at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.

☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29 1867.

Financial.

Notice to Capitalists!

PERSONS desiring of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT., are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.

These investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.

☞BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced 1 per cent.* viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct. 30, 1867.—tf

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Is agent for the sale of the First Mortgage

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at par with interest payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " 3 "

WILL CONVERT

7-30 NOTES INTO 5-20 BONDS AS USUAL *free of charge;*

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES & COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and will pleasure transact all business promptly as heretofore pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 6 1867—tf

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER.

Mechanical Bakery, Corner Washington and East Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand the best of

BREAD,

CRACKERS,

CAKES,

PRETZELS, &c.

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please.

GIVE US A CALL.

May 29, 1867.—

Miscellaneous.

GRANITE-YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.

PETER BEITLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—

Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.

☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to. June 3.—tf

WAGON MAKING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he carries on the

WAGON-MAKING BUSINESS

in all its branches, at his Shop, in Freedom township, on the road leading from McClean's School-house to Millerstown, at the Hill Church, and is prepared to execute all orders with promptness.

☞REPAIRING☜

OF ALL KINDS ATTENDED TO.

He also manufactures HAND-RAKES, SHAKING FORKS AND BROOM-HANDLES, for wholesale and retail trade.

He hopes, by prompt attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal patronage. Orders addressed to him at Gettysburg, will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 7, 1867.—tf WILLIAM H. HOUCK.

JEREMIAH CULP,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,

Is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms a

COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.

Hearse keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at low cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.

☞York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church

May 27, 1868—tf

FLOUR & FEED.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either

FLOUR OR FEED-STUFF,

will leave their orders, either with John L. Tate or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf GEORGE GINGELL.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—tf

BARK! BARK!

1100 CORDS WANTED!

THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS

600 CORDS OF

BLACK OAK BARK,

for which he will pay $6 00 per cord, on delivery, in good order, at his tanyard in Gettysburg. Wanted also

500 CORDS OF

ROCK OAK BARK,

for which the highest market price will be given.

JOHN RUPP.

Feb. 12.—6m

AT GRAND STREET
CHEAP STORE,
NEW YORK CITY.

The Largest and Cheapest Stock of

STRAW GOODS

in this City, without doubt.

Millinery Goods, Ribbons, Silks, Flowers, Parasols, Yankee Notions, Skirts, Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Fringes, all under regular prices.

Ladies' Whalebone Corsets, at 50 cts., 75 cts., $1.00, and upwards, cheap.

☞MILLINERS SUPPLIED.☜

EDWARD RIDLEY,

309, 311 and 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen streets, Fifth Block East from the Bowery.

June 10, 1868.—3m

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

On and after Monday, May 11th, 1868, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8 15, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10 15, A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12 30, noon. Also, connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1 00, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 12 30, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore, and Washington.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 12 45, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 2 40, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 5 20, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 4 20, P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which leaves Baltimore at 12 10, noon. Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 8 30 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 12 30, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 4 20, P. M. But one change of cars either way, viz: at Hanover Junction.

R. McCURDY, Sup't.

May 6, 1868.

A SERVANT FOR ALL.

Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,

MAY be attached to any gate and operated from buggy, team or saddle, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's shop, easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this improvement.

Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE

—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their team, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.

For further information, &c., address

ISRAEL BRICKER,
May 13.—tf Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.

Lamb Knitting Machine.

THE only Family Machine that sets up its own work; knits all sizes, widens and narrows, knits the heel into the stocking, and narrows off the toe complete—producing all varieties of knit goods from an infant's stocking, mitten or glove to a lady's shawl or hood.

PRICE REDUCED TO $8 DOLLARS!

It is *simple, durable, easily operated and warranted to exceed in knitting all kinds of every purchaser.*

AGENTS WANTED.

Address, with stamp for circular and sample stocking,

J. D. ORNE, Gen. Agent, 923 Chestnut st., Phila.

May 6.—6m

30 ARMY WAGONS

AT PRIVATE SALE,

AT FOLLOWING PLACES:

19 AT LITTLESTOWN,
2 AT NEW OXFORD,
9 JEFFERSON STATION.

☞The above Wagons are all in good order and are well calculated for farming purposes. Price $35.00.—Also, a large lot of

FIFTH CHAINS, SPREADERS, &c.,

which will be sold low. Call and see them.

JAMES H. COLEHOUSE
W. J. CROGER.

May 20.—3m

Miscellaneous.

JOHN C. ZOUCK,

Land Agent,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PA.,

Has for Sale 150 Farms, Mills, Foundries, Machine Shops, Tavern Stands, Country Seats, Store Stands, Town Houses and Town Lots,

IN PENNSYLVANIA, MARYDAND AND OTHER STATES.

☞Persons wishing to purchase as well as sell property will do well to call at my office, or address by letter, as they will find it to their advantage.

June 24, 1868.—4m*

MARSH CREEK PLANING MILL.

THE undersigned has established a PLANING MILL on Marsh creek, four miles from Gettysburg, at which he will manufacture

DOORS AND DOOR FRAMES,
WINDOW SASH AND FRAMES,
FLOORING, WEATHERBOARDING,

Chair and Wash Boards, with everything else made at such a factory, and needed in the building line. The best of lumber will always be used, all thoroughly dried, a kiln having been put up for the purpose.

Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. Prices as low as the lowest, and every effort made to accommodate customers.

JOHN D. PFOUTZ.

May 20, 1868.—1y

WIRE RAILING,

Wire Guards for Stone Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper-makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 71 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.

Feb. 5, 1868.—1y.

INFORMATION FOR MARRIED LADIES.

The undersigned, after suffering the cares of three children during a married life of five years, and a constant irregularity of the menstruals, having been restored and continued in perfect regularity by a very simple remedy, is anxious to make known to married ladies the means of prevention and regularity of the menstruals. To all who desire it the will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find an infallible regulator. She hopes every married lady will obtain the prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and certainly prove the source of great relief to many. Ladies desiring the prescription free will please address

MRS. SARAH E. CLARFIELD,
June 10 —3m Box 66, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wool Wanted.

THE highest market price will be given for Wool, by

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
N. W. corner of Square, Gettysburg, Pa.
June 3.—tf

W. HOWARD DROOKS & STEVENSON,
Manufacturers of
WIDE AWAKE CAPS,
AND
CAMPAIGN EQUIPMENTS.
No. 113 North Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Caps and Capes, of enamelled oil cloth, of all colors made to order at shortest possible notice.
July 10—1m

AGENTS WANTED FOR "WEARING OF THE GREEN."—The most entertaining book published, abounding in *Irish Humor and Wit.* Agents say it is the best selling book out, as people are tired of the repetition of dry details and army reports.

ONE AGENT SOLD 38 IN ONE WEEK.
" " " 92 " "
" " " 182 " "

Liberal terms to agents. Send for a Circular.

Also, Family Quarto Bibles. Best Edition published. WM. FLINT, Publisher, 26 South 7th Street, Philadelphia, Penna. July 10—1m.

AGENTS WANTED
IN THIS COUNTY FOR THE
SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.

Handsome compensation allowed good Agents.

Address, H. A. WIDDIFIELD, Special Agent,
July 10.—1m. 528 Walnut St., Philada.

WANTED, by manufacturer, Agents to sell by sample. Address with stamp for circular.
GREEN & COMPANY., 413 Chestnut St., Philada.
July 10.—1m

Journeymen Carpenters

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

GOOD WAGES will be given for first class hands.—Apply immediately to

W. C. STALLSMITH & SON,
June 10.—tf Gettysburg, Pa.

Watches and Jewelry.

REMOVAL!

The firm of SOPER & McCARTNEY have removed to North Baltimore street, next door to Spangler's Shoe Store. We have on hand a choice assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES,
(Gold and Silver,)
JEWELRY,

of all kinds and latest styles. Silver and Plated Ware also, fine Gold, Silver and Steel

SPECTACLES

of the best manufacture. Also, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., Violin and Guitar Strings. Keys, &c.

All kinds of Repairing in our line done at as reasonable prices as elsewhere, and warranted.

☞Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of same. SOPER & McCARTNEY.

June 17, 1868.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,

No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov. 27, 1867.—1y

SEEING IS BELIEVING

AT 704 ARCH STEERT.

NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS!

RICH SILVER & SILVER PLATED WARES,

Including every style and description, made expressly for the Winter trade, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at

JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturing Establishment,

704 ARCH STREET

PHILADELPHIA.

☞Re-plating at short notice.
Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21.—1y

NEW STORE.

NO. 902 CHESTNUT STREET,

James E. Caldwell & Co.,

JEWELERS,

Have been appointed

SPECIAL AGENTS

in this city for the sale of the

GORHAM MFG. COMPANY'S

FINE ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

We guarantee these goods to be decidedly superior to anything in the market, excelling in design, finish and quality.

A large assortment will be maintained, and sold at the manufacturers' regular

FIXED PRICES.

Trade Mark of Electro Plate — Stamped on the base of each article.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.

902 CHESTNUT ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 4, 1868 —

Medical.

YOUNT'S COMPOUND!

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health.

Price $1 per Box! Six Boxes $5.

Sold by J. M. HOUER, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post office, can have the Pills sent, (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country "free of postage."

April 29, 1868.—1y

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

The First Premium

of a Silver Medal was awarded

Barrett's Hair Restorative,

By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair holden in Nashua, Sept. 20, 1866.

BARRETT'S VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE restores Gray Hair to its natural color. Promotes the growth of the Hair. Changes the roots to their original organic action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. Is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
Manchester, N. H.

☞Sold by Dr. H. Horner, Gettysburg; J. S. Taughinbaugh, Hampton; Hartman and Sadler, Petersburg; Snyder & Sos, Littlestown, and Druggists generally. Feb. 12, 1868.—1y

THE GREAT CHOLERA PREVENTATIVE.

I.
X. 1866. L.
THE GREAT

Zingari Bitters.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Chequsa, an eminent Egyptian physician.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and at present much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

This great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was led to think and experiment; and after ten years' study and labor, he presented to his fellow-men the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it.—His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Chequsa, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success, that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fever.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put to tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scrofula, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anæmia, Female Irregularities, Spasmodic Dysentery, Colic.

Price One Dollar a Bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel keepers and Grocers generally.

☞G. F. KALBFLEISCH, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

F. BAUER, Sole Proprietor
May 29, 1867. Harrisburg, Pa.

Speer's Standard

WINE BITTERS!

FOR THE WEAK,
FOR THE PALE,
FOR THE SICKLY,
FOR THE AGED,
FOR FEMALES,
FOR SPRING USE!!!

☞No Bitters equal to them!☜

SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS,
—MADE OF—
Wine, Herbs and Roots.

Speer's Celebrated Wine, so well known, with

PERUVIAN BARK,
CHAMOMILE FLOWERS,
SNAKE ROOT
WILD CHERRY BARK,
GINGER,

and such other HERBS and ROOTS as will in all cases assist Digestion, promote the Secretions of the system in the natural channels, and give

TONE AND VIGOR
TO THE

Young and Old, Male and Female!

All use it with wonderful success. Brings

COLOR
To the pale white lip,
BLOOM AND BEAUTY
To the thin face and cars worn countenance.

Cures FEVER and Creates APPETITE. Try them. Use none other. Ask for SPEER'S STANDARD BITTERS. Sold by Druggists and Grocers. See that my signature is over the cork of each bottle.

ALFRED SPEER,
Passaic, N. J., and 245 Broadway, New York.

☞Trade supplied by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia; GEORGE A. KELLY, Pittsburgh; and by all Wholesale Dealers.
July 10, 1868. [Sept. 4, 1867.—1y

Foundry.

FARMERS,

Attend to your Interests!

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORN FODDER CUTTERS, STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS:

PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Balshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also SHIREMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE.

He will likewise manufacture

MOWERS AND REAPERS.

METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low rates.

FOR SALE.—A One-horse Wagon.

DAVID STERNER.

April 15, 1868.—tf

Hoop Skirts.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

WM. T. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE"

OF

"KEYSTONE SKIRTS,"

are the best and CHEAPEST LOW PRICED Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 24 springs, $1.00: 30 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 80 Cents; 25 springs, 90 Cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs, $1.25. *Warranted in every respect.*

"Our Own Make" of "UNION SKIRTS," Woven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.20 to $2.50.—Plain Bic Tapes, 20 to 60 springs, from 70 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our Own Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metallic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.* They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining states at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM, 628 ARCH ST., Between 6th and 7th Sts., Philadelphia.

WM. T. HOPKIN.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

HEAD-QUARTERS

FOR

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

AND

Every kind of Gentlemen's Wear,

SUCH AS

LINEN COLLARS,
PAPER CUFFS,
PAPER BOSOMS,
COTTON STOCKINGS,
GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
POCKET BOOKS,
TRAVELING SACKS,
UMBRELLAS,
CANES, &c., &c.

I keep Gentlemen's Wear of all kinds and will sell them at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

ALSO

Boys' Hats & Shoes,

in great variety.

☞Give me a call before purchasing else where.

April 22, 1867.—tf THEO. C. NORRIS.

KLINGEL'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

BALTIMORE STREET,

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

THE undersigned has just returned from the city with the best and cheapest variety of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for Spring and Summer, ever offered in Gettysburg. His stock consists of

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' KID BOOTEES, all styles,
LADIES' MOROCCO BOOTEES,
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTS' HEAVY CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' AMERICAN CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' KIP BOOTS,
GENTS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF BALMORALS,
GENTS' SLIPPERS, all styles,
GENTS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
INFANTS' SHOES, all styles,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all we may call.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots Shoes, and Gaiters, will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Carefully nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

☞Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, April 22, 1868.—tf

THE LATEST STYLES

OF SPRING AND SUMMER

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

Just received by

ROBERT C. COBEAN,

Chambersburg Street, First Square,

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Where the public can find a large and varied assortment which he is selling cheap. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters, Trunks Valises Whips, Cigars, and a variety of notions, give us a call. [April 29, 1868.—tf

CUNNINGHAM

ALWAYS AHEAD

IN SELLING

CHEAP CLOTHING

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

at his Store

IN BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his large and well selected stock of Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

COME ONE AND ALL.

and treat yourselves to a good suit of Clothing.

July 31, 1868.—tf

SPRING & SUMMER

CLOTHING.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,
SHIRTS, DRAWERS,
CRAVATS, HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.☜

April 22, 1868.—tf

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned has erected a new building, for a Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle st., near the Railroad Station, in Gettysburg, where he now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

for men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from, and will sell every article at the smallest profits.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the public is solicited. Call in, and select from his stock or leave your measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

July 17,